Chicago Daily Tribune.

T. A. STEWART & CO., PUBLISHERS. OFFICE IN THE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 53 CLARK STREET, NEXT DOOR SOUTH OF THE POST OFFICE. TERMS—EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR.

VOL. IX. CHICAGO, SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10, 1855. NO. 35.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

BY T. A. STEWART & CO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

The CHICAGO TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is published Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays...

The CHICAGO WEEKLY TRIBUNE contains all the reading matter of the Daily...

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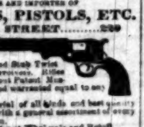

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COAL. COAL! COAL! 500. COAL! COAL!! AT THE CORNER OF WELLS AND WATER STREETS.

COAL AND WOOD YARD.

400 TONS Anthracite coal. COAL! COAL!!

Cloths, Cassimeres, AND VESTINGS. FIELD, BENEDICT & CO., WOOLLEN GOODS FOR THE FALL TRADE. FIELD, BENEDICT & CO., 171 SOUTH WATER STREET 171 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

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BLEACHED WINTER ELEPHANT OIL.

THE GREEK SLAVE. Bacchante, Venus, Flora, Hebe, and Dancing Girl.

THE COSMOPOLITAN ART AND LITERARY ASSOCIATION. PLAN FOR THE CURRENT YEAR—1854-5. THE ADVANTAGES SECURED. CLOSING OF THE BOOKS.

SWIVEL CHAIRS. CAMPHINE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WILLIAM E. OTTO, Importer & Jobber, OF FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS, BORDERS, FIRE PRINTS, STATUARY, &c. SOLE AGENT FOR BURBY'S FRENCH FLOCKS AND GILTS. RANDOLPH STREET. OPPOSITE YOUNG AMERICA.

FOR SALE. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES. P. W. GATES & CO.

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FOR SALE. ALL KINDS OF FINISHED BRASS WORK. P. W. GATES & CO.

FOR SALE. STEAM BOILERS of all descriptions. P. W. GATES & CO.

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FOR SALE. SHORT CLEAR SIDINGS. P. W. GATES & CO.

NORCROSS' Celebrated Rotary Planing Machine.

LESSONS IN PAINTING AND DRAWING. H. D. THIELCKE.

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CHICAGO STEAM & GAS PIPE WORKS. OFFICE, 188 LAKE STREET. WALWORTH & CO., Steam Apparatus of Every Description. IRON STEAM PIPE, Worthington's Steam Pumps, DUFF'S ALARM WATER GUAGES, GAS PIPE AND FITTINGS. AGENTS FOR ASHCROFT'S STEAM GAUGES, Eastman's Steam Gauges.

LEMONS at Wholesale and Retail.

PURE LINSEED OIL.

C. McDONNELL, 25 MARKET STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS IN NEW GOODS. W. R. WOOD & CO., 158 LAKE STREET.

MORE NEW GOODS, JUST RECEIVED BY A. BIGELOW, 118 LAKE ST.

BOSTON AND NEW YORK Piano and Melodeon WAREROOMS, RANDOLPH STREET, CHICAGO, ILL. REED & WATKINS, Sole Agents at Wholesale and Retail, —FOR— PRINCE & CO.'S IMPROVED MELODEONS. The oldest Establishment in the United States, Employing two hundred men, and finishing Eighty Instruments per Week.

PRICES.

CAUTION. GEORGE A. PRINCE & CO.

WE ARE RECEIVING, AND HAVE IN STORE.

INSTRUCTION.

MRS. LEWIS' SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES. Nos. 47 and 49 INDIANA STREET, North Chicago.

INSTRUCTION IN MODERN LANGUAGES. PROF. WILLIAM FRESLEW.

HATHAWAY'S MATHEMATICAL AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL, METROPOLITAN BLOCK, HALL NO 35, LA SALLE STREET. The Second Term commences to-day, 12th inst.

EDWARDS ACADEMY, Corner of Van Buren and Desplaines streets.

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Notice to Settlers, Speculators and Capitalists. WEBB & WELLS, REAL ESTATE AGENTS. 43 DEARBORN STREET 43 OPPOSITE TREMONT HOUSE.

FLANDERS & WADSWORTH, 173 SOUTH WATER STREET 173.

LONDON BUTTERSCOTCH.

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TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! NEW YORK TEA STORE, 106 RANDOLPH ST. H. J. WRIGHT & CO. TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES.

STAMPED COLLARS AND BANDS.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO THE CITIZENS OF WEST CHICAGO.

FURS! FURS! FURS! HOLIDAY GIFTS —AT— GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Calvert & Barstow, 134 LAKE STREET. 134 FUR GOODS, During the Holidays. FROM 25 TO 30 PER CENT. HOLIDAY GIFT, Largest and Most Splendid Assortment.

300 BUNDLES.

400 HF. CHESTS NEW TEAS.

NEW JEWELRY.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

350 DOZ. AXES.

NOTICE.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING —FOR— Holiday Presents. MRS. HARVEY, No. 19 LAKE STREET. TOUTHS' OVERCOATS, CLOAKS, And all kinds of FANCY CLOTHING. REMEMBER, No. 19 LAKE STREET.

MICROSCOPE.

THE RENOWNED REMEDY

Holloway's Ointment.

ASTONISHING CURE OF SORE LEGS, AFTER NINE YEARS STANDING.

READ HIS OWN WORDS.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF A BAD BREAST WHEN NEARLY AT THE POINT OF DEATH.

HEMP. 50 Bales for sale. HOUGHTELING & SHEPARD.

HOLLIDAY GIFTS. SUPERB FRENCH NEEDLE WORK. Embroideries of Every Description. REAL CHAINE LAINE LONG SHAWLS, REAL HAND-MADE LACES.

WASHING.

TWO HUNDRED POUNDS. ALLEN VANE.

MACHINERY.

THREE HUNDRED DOZ.

TO HOUSE-BUILDERS.

SOMETHING NEW. INDIA RUBBER WAREHOUSE.

NOTICE. J. H. DUNHAM & CO.

50 BARRELS ROSIN OIL.

100 DOZ SCOOPS.

CAUTION CAUTION!!

CLARK ST. UNION CAR WORKS.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKER.

CUTLERY.

25 SACKS FEATHERS.

300 LEAD.

FLOUR.

154 LAKE STREET 154 CHEAPEST AND BEST. $100,000 WORTH OF READY MADE CLOTHING. THIS IS NO HUMBUG! COME AND SEE! HILL & TAPPIN.

FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES —AND— FANCY GOODS. HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

NEW JEWELRY.

BRIDAL AND EVENING DRESS GOODS.

ANOTHER LARGE LOT OF REAL PARIS EMBROIDERIES.

30 CRANBERRIES.

Opposition to the "only opposition" store.

C. E. COOKE, WATCHMAKER AND Jeweler. 13 NORTH CLARK ST. 13 HAMILTON HOUSE.

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BAKER HOUSE, RACINE, WIS. J. B. HUNT, Proprietor.

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MITTENS & GLOVES, FINE GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS, WHOLESALE. ALSO, The Best Assortment of Whips and Lashes, W. & J. WINDOES, CLARK STREET.

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STEWART & BROS., VARNISHES, PAINTS, COLORS, &c. &c.

NEW YORK TEA STORE, 106 RANDOLPH ST. 106 CHICAGO. Teas, Coffees, and Spices.

NEWS DEPOT BRANCH. 75 DEARBORN ST. 75 KELLEY & CO.

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A CHANCE FOR DEALERS IN Trimming Goods. LOW PRICES. CARL F. W. JUNGE, GERMAN WORSTED STORE.

THERE IS NO PLACE LIKE HOME.

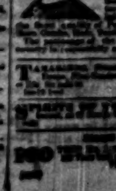
ALEXANDER'S KID GLOVES.

CANCER AND EYE INFIRMARY. DRS. HANDERS & THOMPSON, OF NEW YORK.

LOCOMOTIVE FOR SALE.

J. TILDEN MOULTON, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, AND UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER.

Economy, Health, —AND— COMFORT. VULCANISED RUBBER SOLES, The Only Establishment in Chicago, or the West, where it is done! Rare Invention for Health and Comfort. RUBBER SHOES REPAIRED.



F. HUDSON.

LEADED NOTICES

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. NEW FIRM.

R. K. SWIFT, JOHNSTON & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, OFFICE, METROPOLITAN BLOCK.

BANK EXCHANGE OFFICE ENGLAND.

F. GRANGER ADAMS, CLARK STREET.

NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS.

MERCHANTS' AND MECHANICS' BANK.

DR. R.'S OFFICE, WELLS STREET.

1855. E. & T. FAIRBANKS & CO. SCALE WAREHOUSE, FAIRBANKS' PATENT

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

BOOK-AGENTS' DEPOT, AND CHICAGO MAP STORE.

THE ILLUSTRATED BIOGRAPHY, &c. MAPS, CHARTS & PRINTS.

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1854. HOUGHTELING & SHEPARD, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.

1854. THOMAS HALE, STORAGE, FORWARDING, AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

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WESTERN LAKE BOAT LINE. 1854. ERIE CANAL TRANSPORTATION.

DAILY TRIBUNE.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10, 1855.

THE NEWS.

The steamer Atlantic, from Liverpool on the 27th ult., arrived at New York on yesterday morning and the telegraph this morning gives a good summary of her news. Her intelligence is quite interesting but comparatively unimportant.

We give in another place to-day, the report of a decision recently made in the case of Dixon vs Dunham, which will be of considerable interest to our merchants here, as it decides a point upon which there has been considerable doubt heretofore.

The Aurora Beacon learns that a man named Welsh was found dead on the railroad track between Batavia and the Junction on last Thursday morning. Welsh, in company with a number of others, had been employed the day previous in clearing the snow from the track near the Junction, and started early in the evening for Batavia. After going a short distance Welsh and several others concluded to turn back and have a "spree." They accordingly set out a second time to return, but on getting in to Batavia some time in the night they found that Welsh was missing. It is said that a couple of boys went back to where he was, but found him too drunk to walk. They wrapped their overcoats around him, but these proved insufficient to protect him, and he was found dead the next day. Welsh leaves a family.

The same paper records the death, from a fall, of Mr. George G. Waterman, a well known citizen and merchant of that town.

The St. Louis Republican says that a writer in the Cairo Times, after describing a feasible way in which that embryo city may be saved by being dammed, and predicting its future glories, ends by prophesying that Cairo will, some future day be the capital of the United States! If this happy change should be made, we might be sure that the proceedings of Congress would not be as dry as they are now.

Dates from the Missouri Legislature are to Feb. 2d. No progress made in electing U. S. Senator. Doniphan still ahead, and the merits of the candidates still a subject of debate. A quarrel between Messrs. Brown and Stewart, growing out of insulting language used in debate, is said to be on the tapis.

Mr. S. A. Shinn, of Philadelphia, was skating on the Schuylkill on Saturday, and while pushing before him a chair on runners, containing Miss Eliza Russell, both slipped into an air hole and were drowned. The Leger recommends that all skaters put on life-preservers.

A man named White was found frozen to death last week near Mineral Point, Wisconsin. A nearly empty whisky jug was by his side.—Liquor is said by tipplers to be just the thing to warm a man. White's had too much water in it.

A little daughter of Mr. Carr, of McConnellsville, Ohio, was burned to death a few days ago. Several children were playing together, and amusing themselves by burning various articles, when the clothes of the little girl caught.

The Mormon Temple, begun at Salt Lake City will be much larger than the Temple built by the Mormons at Nauvoo. It will require ten years to complete it, and will cost several millions of dollars.

Brigham Young is building two large and beautiful houses adjoining that which he now occupies in Salt Lake City, to accommodate his increasing family. He now rejoices in between fifty and sixty wives, and from forty-five to fifty children. Elder Kimball, one of the Mormon Apostles, has between sixty and seventy consorts.

A NEW CONVERT TO THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

There is pretty good reason to believe from what can be seen by any careful observer, and from other reasons which, though less obvious, are not less convincing, that the Democratic Press, of this city, is preparing to descend from the fence upon the top rail of which it has been perched so long, and by an exhibition of ground and lofty tumbling which would do credit to a merry Andrew, land plump in the bosom of the Republican party!

The world need not be surprised to wake up any fine morning and see the accomplishment of this feat, that is, as far as the efforts of the Democratic Press are concerned.

[illegible]

MORE BRUTALITY AT ERIE.

The Cleveland Herald of Tuesday says, that on Sunday, as Mr. Walker, counsel for the Cleveland and Erie Railroad Company, was sitting in the Court House of Erie, that prince of blackguards, Lowry, attended by his rail-ripping confederates, made his appearance, armed with clubs and other weapons, and threatened an attack upon Mr. Walker. The designs of the rowdies were frustrated by by-standers. On yesterday, as Mr. Walker and a young gentleman named Wetmore were walking along the street, Lowry and another worthy named Cochran knocked Mr. Walker down with a club, Lowry and his confederates holding Wetmore at bay, and preventing his affording any assistance to Walker. The brute Cochran shamefully beat Mr. Walker, until the latter succeeded in grasping the throat of his assailant, when Cochran soon grew black in the face, and his tongue hung full length from his mouth. The attack was so sudden and so dastardly that Mr. Walker was badly beaten, but the gang of rowdies who committed the outrage are now in the hands of the law.

A TALL WOMAN.—A Maine paper tells of a woman living at Portland, thirty years of age, who is seven feet six inches high, and is still growing. The weight of this giantess is three hundred and thirty pounds. She was a twin, and at her birth weighed only three and a half pounds. [illegible]

THE ELECTION OF HON. LYMAN TRUMBULL.

We have already expressed our gratification and delight at the election of the Hon. Lyman Trumbull to the United States Senate, giving our reasons for regarding his election as a Republican triumph, and a rebuke to the pro-Slavery party of the State. It will be interesting to notice how the other papers of the city regard the result.

The Times, the Nebraska and Whisky sheet, owned and ruled by Douglas and Cook, is very much chagrined, of course, about the matter, and mourns over it in this wise:

"To say that this election is not gratifying to us would be to express boldly our regret. That it is in opposition to the wishes of nine tenths of the people is most certain. Of it, and the means by which it was accomplished, we will speak hereafter. That the Whig and Know Nothing parties, to gratify personal hatred, have sold their principles to the Abolitionists is most evident. Mr. Trumbull was a Democrat in all things except in his opposition to the repeal of the Missouri restriction and to the restoration of that he is opposed. How much further he is pledged to the Abolitionists we know not.—He is strongly opposed to Know Nothingism."

In this there are one or two things worthy of special mention. It is most evident, "that the Whig and Know Nothing parties, to gratify personal hatred, have sold their principles to the Abolitionists!" Is Lyman Trumbull then, an Abolitionist? He was, says the Times, "a Democrat in all things except his opposition to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise." Is every Democrat, then, who is an anti-Nebraska man an Abolitionist? How will this comport with the articles recently published by the Times, affirming the dogma that adherence to the Nebraska Platform was not a test of Democracy? Besides, the paper which claims to be the Whig organ of this District supported Mr. Trumbull as a Whig Anti-Nebraska candidate for Congress last fall, and if it could do so then, what sacrifice of principle is it for Whigs to support him now, when he has embraced the doctrines of the Republican party, which are almost identical with those of the Whig party, as embodied in their Aurora Convention Resolutions?

The Times says Mr. Trumbull is strongly opposed to Know-Nothingism. Now we Know Nothing about Know-Nothingism, and, therefore, cannot say whether the Times is correct or not, but we do know that Mr. Trumbull is an American in sentiment and in practice, opposed to foreign rule and Jesuitical priestcraft, and firmly wedded to the doctrine that Americans should and must rule America. If this is what the Times means by Know-Nothingism so far from being opposed to it, Mr. Trumbull is for it heart and hand.

The Democratic Press rejoices mildly over the result, and seeks to find in it some confirmation of the virtue of the doctrine that anti-Nebraskaism is not a renunciation of Democracy. It says:—

"We make the announcement with no ordinary degree of gratification, and we are confident that the result will give great satisfaction to a large majority of the people of the State.

Judge Trumbull is eminently qualified for the position to which he has been elevated. Possessed of natural abilities of a rare order, his acquirements in all branches of knowledge calculated to give him broad statesmanlike views, are second to those of no other man in the State. He has heretofore served the people in various public stations, in all of which he has acquitted himself with great personal credit, and with such evidences of public appreciation as it has been the fortune of but few public men to secure. In the State Legislature, in the office of Secretary of State, upon the bench of our Supreme Court—in each and every station to which the people have called him, he has maintained an unsullied integrity and a reputation for devotedness to the best interests of the State and to the principles of true democracy.

When Judge Douglas in the U. S. Senate, raised his impious hand to strike down one of the most dearly cherished compromises of the confederacy, backed as he was by a servile and unscrupulous press and by all the power and patronage of the National Administration, Judge Trumbull was among the first to array himself against the powerful combination of corrupt Washington politicians and their servile sycophants at home. He planted himself upon the time-honored principles of democracy, and took the field as a candidate for Congress upon the Nebraska issue. He carried that issue before the people of his district, and was triumphantly elected to succeed Col. Bissell as representative from the Eighth district. Since, then, he has been the subject of unsparing denunciation, and we presume no other man could have been elected to the Senate whose presence there would be regarded by Mr. Douglas as a more signal rebuke from the people of Illinois for his late political sins."

The Democrat, not having heard from Washington yet, does not know whether to laugh or cry over the result, and maintains a "masterly inactivity" on the subject. In a day or two, however, its instructions will arrive, and then we shall hear its sentiments. There is little doubt but that it will pretend to rejoice over the result.

The balloting which resulted in Trumbull's election, presents some rather curious features, which will be developed by an examination of the votes. The ballots were as follows, there being ninety-nine members in the joint Convention, and fifty votes being necessary to a choice:

First ballot—Abram Lincoln 45, Jas. Shields 41, Lyman Trumbull 5, Gustavus Koerner 2, Wm. B. Ogden 1, Joel A. Matteson 1; two members absent.

Second ballot—Lincoln 43, Shields 41, Trumbull 6, Sweet 4, Dunning 2, Koerner 2, Williams 2.

Third ballot—Lincoln 38, Shields 41, Trumbull 11, Williams 1, Matteson 2, Koerner 3, Sweet 1, Ogden 1, Dunning 1.

Mr. Logan made a motion to adjourn. Lost—ayes 47, noes 53.

Fifth ballot—Shields 42, Lincoln 34, Trumbull 10, Ogden 3, Swanson 1, Matteson 1, Koerner 1, Browning 2, Dunning 1.

Sixth ballot—Shields 41, Lincoln 37, Trumbull 7, Browning 3, Ogden 5, Logan 3, Koerner 2.

Seventh ballot—Matteson 44, Lincoln 37, Trumbull 9, Shields 1, Ogden 2, Koerner 1, McDonnell 1.

Eighth ballot—Matteson 46, Trumbull 18, Ogden 1, Koerner 1, Lincoln 27.

Ninth ballot—Matteson 47, Trumbull 35, Lincoln 15, Williams 1.

Tenth ballot—Lyman Trumbull, 51, Joel A. Matteson 47, Archibald Williams 1.

The following is the classification of the final vote:

For Lyman Trumbull. In Senate. Adams of Kane, Adams of Stephenson, Arnold, Cooke, Gage, Gillespie, Judd, Palmer, Ruggles, Talcott, Watson. In House—Allen of Madison, Baker, Babcock, Beal, Brown of Knox, Courtney, Day, Diggins, Dunlap, Foss, Foster, Grove, Hackney, Henry, Henderson, Hills, Holbrook, Jones, Johns, Lawrence, Lee, Little, Logan, Lovejoy, Lyman, McClun, McClure, Parks of Logan, Parks of Will, Eades, Pinckney, Richmond of Cook, Riblet, Rice, Strawn, Sullivan, Swan, Wheeler, Mr. Speaker—51.

For Joel A. Matteson. In Senate. Bryan, Carlin, Campbell, Crocker, Davis, Detrich, Graham, Jernigan, Kuykendall, Morton, Morrison, Osgood, O'Kean, Sutphin. In House—Allen of Williamson, Bennett, Bradford, Brown of Scott, Cline, Dearborn, Funkhauser, Gray, Gregg, Higbies, Hinch, Hosmer, Hopkins, Holliday, Kinney, Martin, Masters, McGrillis, McLain, McDaniel, Morrison, Moulton, Preston, Purcelly, Rawlings, Richmond of Montgomery, Richmond of Schuyler, Sanes, Seeborn, Straub, Trapp, Walker—47.

It will be seen that the Nebraskaites stuck closely to Mr. Shields until the seventh ballot, when they dropped him like a hot potato, and centered all their forces on Gov. Matteson. This was doubtless in pursuance of Douglas' instructions, whose first wish was to make "Gen. Shields his own successor," as he felicitously expressed it, and failing in this to centre all the available strength that could be mustered upon some Democrat who had taken no ground against him on the Nebraska question and whose election would be no rebuke to him. The scheme came near succeeding, as Matteson gained steadily on Shields' strength until the last ballot when he received forty-seven votes. But the Republicans were too strong for the enemy and the plot miscarried.

A STRIKING PROOF OF THE INFLUENCE OF SLAVERY.

Mrs. Swisshelm is a very plain spoken woman—occasionally so. But at the same time she is in our opinion, entirely truthful, and altogether the ablest lady connected with the American Press. In an article in the Pittsburg Visitor written to show that Women are, after all, no better than Men, and that there is a mistake in our deifying them beyond the degree of our self-idolatry, she says:

[illegible]

THE NORTHERN HEART.

We should imagine that those croaking birds of ill omen, who have been industriously engaged in disseminating the idea that the Know Nothing party of the Great North was inclined to a Doughface policy, and entertained a special reverence for cotton bales and plantations of fat negroes, will shortly come to the conclusion that they have been egregiously mistaken. They have recently had five very forcible and overwhelming arguments forced upon their attention, which would lead them irresistibly to this conclusion. The elections for United States Senators which have recently taken place in the General Assemblies of Iowa, Massachusetts, New York and Illinois, are the arguments to which we refer. The results of these elections carry with them a lesson which the way-faring man, though a fool, can hardly fail to comprehend, and which the most astute and learned politician can contemplate with great edification and profit. Let us look at it a moment.

There can be no reasonable doubt but that the Know-Nothing or American element forms a large, and in most instances, a preponderating ingredient in the formation of the General Assemblies of all the States we have mentioned. The members who compose them were, with but few exceptions, chosen at a time when, if an election was held at all, in any place in the Union, it was certain to result in a triumph of the friends and acquaintances of Sam. We have good reason for believing that a respectable majority of the members of the Lower House of Iowa, had been posted up on the merits of the question involving some knowledge of the habits of a well-known aquatic fowl of the Genus Anser, before the election. The same is true in a yet greater degree of the Assembly of Wisconsin.

The two Houses of the Massachusetts Legislature contained but one unfortunate individual who had not been introduced to Samuel—a large portion of the New York Assembly entertained kindred sentiments, and it does not suit us exactly just now, to say how many of our Illinois Legislators had been convinced of the propriety of America being governed by Americans, before they went to Springfield. Suffice it to say that those who have kept themselves fully advised of the progress of political events, know that the American sentiment exercised a controlling influence over the deliberations of the respective Assemblies of the States we have named.

These five States have each within a few weeks time elected a United States Senator, and how stand the men whom they have chosen? Among the five is there one of them all who has bowed the knee to Baal? Is there a Doughface among them? Is there one of them who does not stand upon the broad and holy platform of Northern Rights, and who is not pledged for Freedom and against Slavery? Is there one among them who will not be found, in season and out of season, fighting against Southern aggression and domination, and will they not form a phalanx for Freedom which can neither be broken nor bought? There they stand. Look at them! Harlan, Wilson, Durkee, Seward, and Trumbull! Every one of them a lover of Freedom, a champion for Freedom, a defender of Freedom. Every one of them an opponent of the infamous Nebraska Bill, and every one of them ready to rebuke the Traitor Douglas in his further seditious schemes. Are these the men who are elected by the votes of a party which has been accused of inclination toward conservatism, and which certain silver headed gentlemen of New York have been so anxious to pervert to their own selfish ends? Are these the men? Is this the mode in which the South is to be flattered and caressed, and are we to look for a great Union saving party to be built up with these men for the corner stones? Let us hear no more of the inclination of the American Party toward Pro Slavery. That story will no longer go down.

In none of these Elections do we feel more sincere gratification than in that of William H. Seward. Over the result of the contest in New York no little uncertainty hung, and for some time it was very difficult to tell whether the schemes of the Commercial Advertiser and the Fillmore Clique would triumph or not. For it was easy to see that the silver greys of New York had attempted to seize upon the American movement in that State and to pervert it to the attainment of their own ends, prominent among which was the "crushing out" of Seward. These men hate Seward as a good Christian should hate the Evil One, because he had put them to shame by his manly, upright, fearless and patriotic course. When they sold out their principles for a few cotton bales, William H. Seward remained firm to the right and never yielded one foot of ground. When they bowed down before the South and placed its foot upon their necks, he hurled back its lures and promises, and laughed at its threats. And since then a bitter war has been waged against him by the silver grey and cotton loving portion of the men of New York, carried on with an animosity on their side almost unequalled in the history of political contests. Their last and most desperate attempt has just failed.

The election of Mr. Seward was secured by Know-Nothing votes. Without them he would have been defeated, and they were given to him in the face of the efforts of the Silver Grays to defeat him. The love of liberty, and the admiration of the man who has so nobly defended it, is too strong in the minds of the true men of New York to allow any lower or baser considerations to interfere with the discharge of their duty. The members of the American party in New York, felt that the re-election of Seward would be the best and the noblest guarantee they could give of the sincerity of their attachment to freedom, and they cast their votes for him. Not as a body—not unitedly, it is true—for many of them were seduced from the right, or were men who pretended to be Americans only to strike a blow at a true American—but still in numbers enough to secure the right result.

We conclude, then, that we shall hear no more of those ravens who have been so hoarsely croaking over the pro-slavery principles of the American party, and that whenever the questions of freedom and of Nationality come in conflict with each other, the latter must assume its true and secondary importance. The great Heart of the North is right. It beats strongly and boldly for freedom, and its pulsations are the life and strength of the dearest institutions of the Republic.

"It wrenches us terribly to kick at nothing," and until the Times gets back somewhere near the neighborhood of truth, and tells at least one fact in two columns, we cannot spend our time in exposing its falsehoods and misrepresentations. Whenever it will take the trouble to represent us fairly and truthfully, we will meet it and vanquish it by the weapons of the truth, but we cannot combat with an enemy who, instead of answering our arguments sets up imaginary men of straw of its own manufacture and then knocks them down again. The Times has never yet attempted to answer any argument advanced by us without first misstating and misrepresenting that argument, and we are sick of such meanness. If now it will agree, when it attacks us, to publish what we say in reply to that attack, ungarbled and unmisrepresented, we will do the same for it, otherwise it need not expect us to notice its calumnies other than when we feel inclined so to do, and when the spirit moveth us. At such seasons as these, however, we will give it such broadsides as will make its timbers shake.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Travellers going East from this city, generally seem to forget that there is any way of proceeding thither, otherwise than over some one of the roads through New York, or at least that to go by any other route is going out of the way. Such, however, is not the fact, as an examination of the map of the Union will show. The State of Pennsylvania lies exactly between this city and the city of New York, and a straight line from one point to the other, passes directly through the State. The relative distances to New York from this city by the three great routes now run, are as follows:

By the Southern Michigan, through Toledo to Dunkirk, and thence by Erie Road, 967 miles.

By Michigan Central Road, through Canada, and thence by New York Central and Hudson River Road, 960 miles.

By either of the above roads to Cleveland or Monroeville, and from thence to Pittsburg and over the Pennsylvania Road, 937 miles.

And when the Fort Wayne and Chicago Road is completed, through Fort Wayne, Pittsburg and Philadelphia, the distance will be but 806 miles.

The fare of the Pennsylvania Route is just the same as the New York Roads, and the time is but very little if any longer. Besides this, the Northwest has the small advantage of competing the Pittsburg and Philadelphia markets with those of New York, and taking advantage of the better terms upon which some descriptions of goods can be bought in those cities than in New York. The Pennsylvania Road is one of the best made roads in the Union, and runs with great smoothness. It is ballasted with great care with stone for a considerable width on each side of the track, and the Road passes through a country unrivalled for beauty and fertility.

We commend the claims of this route to the attention of the travelling public, and are satisfied that once tested they will be satisfactory.

LIGHT IN A DARK PLACE.

We are glad to see a move, at head quarters, in favor of a much needed reform. Our exchanges from Washington speak of a united, determined effort on the part of the friends of temperance at the Capitol, for a Prohibitory Liquor Law in the District of Columbia.

Men of all creeds, and parties, can but rejoice at the first, faint glimmer of light, from Washington.

Our National Councils have been repeatedly disgraced by the drunken babblings of men who seem to glory in making the floor of Congress, the arena on which to display their brute force and beastiality. "Drunk" says Shakespeare "drunk and speak parrot, and squabble, swagger, swear, and discourse fustian with one's own shadow. To be now a sensible man, by and by a fool, and presently a beast!" The fact must be apparent to all who have any knowledge of the state of things at the Capitol, that if there is any one place where a Prohibitory Liquor Law is needed, more than another, it is there. It is but a little time since the notorious rowdy, Mike Walsh, who undoubtedly was representing his constituency, had to be removed from the hall; for in his drunken frenzy he was determined to fight some one, it mattered not who it was.

So, if a favorite measure is to be carried, resource is had to this, and men are made drunk by wine, and then it seems to be an easy thing to carry a point, which never could have been gained, without this ally of the devil. Gentlemen who were at Washington during the stormy sessions of debate while the infamous Kansas-Nebraska bill was pending, have assured us that those who fought the most desperately for its passage, were steeped in liquor. Of this we never had a doubt, well knowing that its prime leader,—the traitor Douglas—could only resort to brute force, for arguments to sustain his position.

We would to God that we might be spared the pain of rehearsing such facts; but we feel that the people ought to know by what means their moral sense and humanity are outraged; we feel that they ought to know, that intoxicating liquors are bringing shame and disgrace upon us as a nation. Those who mis-represent them count upon this agency as one of the strongest allies to rivet the fetters of human bondage on those who bear the spark of immortality on their scarred forms, and who, like cattle, are to be raised on the pure virgin soil of territory consecrated to freedom—territory which should be as free as God's bright sun-light, or pure air.

The people should know that compacts honored alike by wisdom and age, are ruthlessly violated, by the power of this demon, intemperance. Ah! they do know all this, and every twenty-four hours which pass over us, are big with rebuke. "Light shines in a dark place." Temperance is being agitated at Washington. The people there are resolved to throw off the incubus which is dragging them down to disgrace. Let us have this agitation, and let the Nebraska and Whiskey organs give us some of the beneficial results of the liquor traffic. Let the Times' man show how, under the reign of a whiskey administration, our citizens as a whole are to be made more prosperous and happy—how thrift and industry, the great sources of a nation's wealth and power, are to be promoted by the triumph of free trade in liquor, the principle he is sworn to "vindicate."

Come neighbor, show up the benefits of your whiskey democracy, so that at the coming municipal election the people may know what they are voting for, in sustaining your candidate.

A DRUG.

The Nebraska and Whiskey paper of yesterday, has the following item:

Hard times, plenty and a drug; impossible to get rid of at any terms. All parties "holding on" in view of a hoped-for change.

We demonstrated the other day, that all the *hard times* that at present afflicted the citizens of Chicago, was the Chicago *Daily Times*, the vindicator of the grog-shops of the city, and the defender of the glorious principles embraced in the Nebraska Bill. It now appears from its own statement, that these *Times* are a drug and impossible to dispose of at any price, which we had imagined to be the case all the time.

From the Kane County Democrat.

KANE COUNTY.

This county is one of the first in the State.—It possesses resources sufficient when fully developed, to make a very rich, populous, beautiful county.

It is composed of sixteen Congressional townships, being thirty miles long and 18 wide. One of these townships, in which are situated the villages of Geneva and Batavia, has been divided, making in the county sixteen organized townships, working under the township organization system, the names of which are as follows, commencing at the north-east corner of the County:

Dundee,	Virgil,
Rutland,	Kaneville,
Hampshire,	Blackberry,
Burlington,	Geneva,
Plato,	Batavia,
Elgin,	Aurora,
St. Charles,	Sugar Grove,
Campton,	Big Rock.

The county was named in honor of Elias K. Kane. Mr. Kane was born in the State of New York, and was bred to the law. He went to Tennessee, and spent sometime, and came to Illinois when yet quite young, and settled in the ancient town of Kaskaskia. He took an active part in public affairs at the time the State was admitted into the Union, in 1818. He served as Secretary of State, and was twice elected by the Legislature of the State to the United States Senate, of which he died a member in 1835.

Kane county was organized in 1836. The following is a copy of the proclamation issued by the late Governor, Thomas Ford, then Judge of the sixth Judicial Circuit. We give it for the purpose of bringing to mind remembrance of "old times" to the early settlers of Kane county. Some that took an active part in the times of '36 are still living and enjoying a competence of this world's goods, and some have gone to "that bourne from whence no traveler returns."

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, A petition has been presented to me, by a majority of the qualified voters of the County of Kane, in the State of Illinois, requesting to be organized as a county: *And Whereas*, It has been made to appear to my satisfaction that there are at least three hundred and fifty inhabitants in said County: Now, therefore, be it known to all to whom these presents shall come, that I, Thomas Ford, Judge of the 6th Judicial Circuit, in the State of Illinois, by virtue of power and authority in me vested, do hereby authorize and appoint an election to be held at the house of James Harrington in said County, on Saturday, the fourth day of June next, for one Sheriff, one Coroner, one Recorder, one County Surveyor, and three County Commissioners for said County; and do hereby appoint Nathan Collins, A. T. Hubbard and John Griggs, to be the Judges of said election; And furthermore, I do hereby appoint two Terms of Circuit Court, to be held in said County, annually, on the third Mondays in June, and fourth Mondays in October.

Given under my hand, this 24th day of May, A. D., 1836. THOMAS FORD.

DO YOU BELIEVE IN DREAMS?

To those who believe in dreams, the following well authenticated account from the Cincinnati *Daily Times*, will be a rich treat to strengthen their faith:

A SINGULAR DREAM—MOST REMARKABLE REALIZATION.—A young married lady, the wife of a Main st. merchant, residing on Race st., in the vicinity of Third, had a most singular dream on the night of Wednesday, December 6th, which has since been realized in a remarkable manner. The name of the lady we withhold at her own request. On the night spoken of, she retired to her bed in a pleasant frame of mind, not, however, particularly elated. The first of the night she was visited by a deep sleep, which, as the dawn appeared, gave way to slumber of a more broken character. Suddenly she dreamed—and dreaming, saw her brother, the same that two years ago left his orphan home to brave the hardships of California life, that he might secure to himself and sister a competence. She saw him rise from a bed in a small hut-like tenement, and running his hand under the pillow, drew from thence a revolver and a huge bowie-knife, both of which he placed in a belt that he wore around his body. It seemed that it was not far from midnight, for the embers were yet smoking on the rude hearth, and as they cast their lurid glare over his countenance, she thought that perhaps it was all a dream, but then she concluded that no dream could be so real, and became convinced that all was actual!

While she gazed upon his countenance, the expression suddenly changed—it betrayed an intense watchfulness; every pulse seemed suspended, and every heart-throb muffled, while the eye stood fixed on a particular spot near the head of the bed where, through a small aperture not noticed before, was a human hand grasping a short, keen instrument, looking terribly like a dagger. It apparently sought the head of the bed, for as it touched the pillow it passed itself slowly down to about the supposed region of the heart and paused for a second, as if to make sure its aim. That second was sufficient for the brother to rise noiselessly from his seat, and draw his bowie-knife from his belt, and advance a single step toward the hut. Just as the dagger descended into the blankets, the knife of the brother came down like a meat axe, close to the aperture, completely severing the hand of the would-be assassin above the wrist, and causing the dagger and hand to fall on the bed, trophies of his victory. A deep, prolonged yell sounded from without, and on rushing to the aperture and convincing himself that there was but one, the brother unbolted the door and stepped out. The moon was shining, and by its light was discovered a man writhing as if in the last agonies.

The miner drew the body near the door, and turning his face to the moon, beheld the visage of a Mexican, who, for some fancied injury, had sworn to never rest content until he had taken his (the brother's) life. On examining the man closely, he was discovered to have a wound in the vicinity of the heart, [illegible] accounted for. Failing in the attempt to assassinate his victim, he had, with his only remaining hand, driven another knife to his own heart. The lady awoke, and, vividly impressed with the dream, related its substance as here recorded, to her husband. Judge then of her and his surprise, when they yesterday received a letter from California, per the North Star, from the brother, relating an adventure on the night of Dec. 6th, precisely identical with that seen by the lady in her dream. Verily there are strange things in heaven and earth. Was the dream merely an accidental coincidence, or was the spirit of the dreamer actual present in the lodge of the brother? These and other inquiries involuntarily rise to the lips, and seek a solution not yet granted to mortals to solve.

JOURNAL OF MERCANTILE LAW.

EVIDENCE OF CUSTOM—DELIVERY BY CARRIER.

An interesting decision has been recently rendered in Illinois, on the rights of carriers. The case is that of Dixon vs. Dunham, reported in the 14th of Illinois Reports, but not yet published:

It seems that Dunham shipped certain goods at Buffalo, on the propeller Illinois, of which Dixon was the master, to be conveyed to Chicago. Dixon brought the goods, and delivered them on the wharf of Dole, Rumsey & Co., and gave Dunham notice of the arrival of the goods. Dunham refused to receive them at the wharf where they had been left, and Dixon refused to deliver them at Dunham's wharf.

The question arising in the case, which was an action of replevin by Dunham to enforce delivery of the goods, was whether it was a good defence on the part of Dixon to show a custom in the port of Chicago, that goods should be delivered at a wharf selected by the master of the vessel, and that consignees should receive their goods there, and that, in this case, a delivery had been made in accordance with this custom.

The opinion of the court was rendered by Judge Caton, and was substantially as follows:

This question, now for the first time presented to this court for adjudication, is one of considerable importance. While the convenience of Commerce may require different rules for the delivery of goods when transported by sail or steam vessels on the great lakes, on the rivers, on the canals, or by railroad, by plank or the common roads, it would be very inconvenient for each commercial point on these thoroughfares to establish an independent usage, by which the same contract would receive different constructions, depending upon the place at which it was to be performed. Where the necessities of any particular line of Commerce may render a particular usage so indispensably necessary as to commend itself to, and force itself upon, all those engaged in that line of Commerce, there may be great propriety in allowing such an usage, when it has become universal and well understood, and acquiesced in by all, to be proved, in order to explain the intention of the parties upon points as to which the contract itself is not explicit, although without such usage the law might give it a different construction.

This is allowed upon the same principle which allows extraneous facts to be proved, in view of which parties have entered into engagements, and by the aid of which their intentions are ascertained, where otherwise they might be doubtful. Hence, in construing a bill of lading or other contract for transporting freight, we must look to the mode of transportation, by means of which the contract is to be performed; as if by water craft, navigating either the lakes, rivers, or canals, it is not to be presumed that the delivery is to be made away from the water course, or if by railroad, away from the track or depot of the road, unless it is otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract; if, however, this is expressly stipulated, that would show an intention that the carrier should use other means of transportation than those usually employed in the course of such trade. Such expressed intention would destroy the presumption that the contract was to be performed by means of transportation in ordinary use by the party undertaking to perform it. In construing contracts of affreightment, the courts themselves take notice of the course of trade, and the means of transportation in use, in carrying on that Commerce, and in aid of the means of information which the courts are supposed to possess in reference to commercial transactions, usages, which the necessities of a particular trade have established, have been allowed to be proved to the courts, to aid them in giving a construction to contracts made in reference to such trade.

A usage or custom, to enter into and form part of the contract, must be such as to warrant the conclusion that it was known to the contracting parties, and that they made their contract in view of and with reference to the particular usage, and that it was their intention that the contract should be executed conformably to it. (Angell's Law of Carriers, sec. 331; Singleton vs. Hillard, 1 Strobhart, 203; Co. Litt., 113.)

Uniformity as well as antiquity is essential to the validity of such a custom. Where it has been the subject of controversy and contention, claimed by one class and denied by another, and only submitted to under protest and to avoid litigation, it cannot be presumed to have been so acquiesced in as to have entered into and formed a part of the contract.

A valid usage should not only be submitted to, but receive at least the tacit acquiescence of all classes engaged in the trade which it is sought to affect and control. The custom must also be reasonable. For instance, supposing a vessel had but a single package for consignee in the port of Chicago, it might be very unreasonable to require her to remove from her usual dock, where she is accustomed to land and discharge her freight, and a custom absolving her from such duty might very readily acquire stability among all parties, whereas, were she loaded with an entire cargo for one consignee, as timber or pig or railroad iron, it might be unreasonable for the captain to claim the right to deliver the cargo at a distance from the wharf of the consignee, where he would be compelled not only to have it reshipped, or transported by land, but also to pay wharfage; and a custom which would secure that privilege to a carrier, would be likely to meet with opposition, if not with continued resistance, and from its character a very long and uniform custom should have to be clearly proved before it would be allowed to prevail, if it would not be rejected altogether as unreasonable.

Customs are instituted and admitted to promote the interest and convenience of trade, under the supposition that the slight inconvenience which one class suffers by reason of them, is more than counterbalanced by the benefits to another class, and that the inducements thus offered compensate the lesser loss by the reduced charges which are thereby incurred.

By the contract expressed in the bill of lading, the defendant agreed to transport from the port of Buffalo to the port of Chicago the goods in controversy, and to deliver them to the plaintiff, who was the consignee at Chicago. The plaintiff had a wharf or dock at which he was doing business, and at which the goods might have been delivered from the propeller. And the question is whether the terms of the bills of lading are so specific as to require the carrier to deliver the goods at the wharf of the consignee at all events, or whether he might, in pursuance of the custom or usage of trade in the port of Chicago, deliver the goods on the wharf to which the vessel was accustomed to run, and where she was accustomed to deliver her freight.

In the absence of any usage to the contrary there is no doubt that, under the contract, the captain would have been bound to deliver the goods to the consignee at his place of business, if he had one within the port of Chicago, which was accessible to the vessel and convenient for the delivery of the goods; and yet this would have been but an inference or implication of law, arising from, but not expressly stipulated by, the terms of the contract of affreightment. The terms of the contract do not define the place within the port of Chicago where the goods are to be delivered, but only the person to whom they are to be delivered. They might have stipulated the place of delivery, which might have been the plaintiff's wharf, or any other place. In the absence of such stipulation, the place must be determined either by presumption of law or the usage of trade. In either case this is done in compliance with the supposed intention of the parties. Where the goods are to be transported in vessels, it cannot be supposed that it was the intention of the parties that the carrier should convey the goods to a place inaccessible to the vessel, or if by railroad, to a place which the cars could not reach.

Where there is a usage of trade, in reference to which the contract is made, that usage becomes a part of the contract. In this case, it contradicts none of the express provisions of the contract. Had the bill of lading provided that the goods should be delivered to the consignee at the wharf of Dole, Rumsey & Co., there would have been nothing contradictory in its terms.—The designation of the place of delivery would have been but filling up a blank which was left in the contract, which must have been filled up either by intendment of law, or by extraneous circumstances, which may serve satisfactorily to show what was the intention of the parties. This may be done either by a long and uniform course of dealing between the parties themselves, or between all persons in that trade. The presumption of law as to the place or particular mode of performance is but a presumption, and may be overcome and another presumption substituted in its place by facts and circumstances indicating clearly and satisfactorily that the parties intended that the contract should be performed in a different mode or another place. Had the plaintiff not desired to receive the goods according to the custom of the port of delivery, knowing, as he did, what that custom was, and that it was uniform and well established, he should have instructed his forwarder at Buffalo to have inserted a special clause in the bill of lading, stipulating that the goods should be delivered at the plaintiff's wharf, thus abrogating the custom in the peculiar instance. He did not do this; and the inference is that he intended to conform to the custom, in view of which the contract was made.

Truth Stranger than Fiction.

The Paris correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writing on the 24 of December, thus speaks of what three years have wrought in the life of one of the most remarkable men of the age:

This is the third anniversary of that famous *coup d'etat* from which so many results have flown, and are still in embryo. It seems but yesterday when the deed was done, and Paris looked on in stupified amazement. I saw, on that day, Napoleon ride through the large masses of cavalry, which, lining the great avenue of the Champs Elysees, were drawn up to receive him. His flushed cheek and fevered eye were witnesses of the fiery commotion which burned within that silent soul; and, as boldly and right martially, he galloped up the lines, I saw, too, in my mind's eye, some of those tracks of blood which are now visible on the map of Europe.—Lord Palmerston was the first to applaud the deed, and thereby lose his place. And on Monday last, within four short days of the anniversary, Lord Palmerston—the hope of England and once more in powerful place—was witness to a similar scene in the Champs Elysees. But he changed the circumstances. Then the burning volcano was limited to the breast of a single man; now it had taken alike his pledged and opinions by the beard, and flinging himself on the magic charm of his name, had perilled body and soul on the cast of a die. Now, the fiery element is everywhere but with him; the world is in flames, while he, calm as a philosopher in his studio, [illegible] paces his war horse through the ranks of that splendid Imperial Guard, which, in richness of comparison, in brilliancy of discipline, is unequalled in Europe, and is the work of his own hand. From palace windows the eye of his beautiful Empress watches the chivalrous array, and Napoleon, the adventurer, the oath-breaker, the gentlest, but most resolute of despots, strides his handsome charger, and receives the salutations of his legions, like some hereditary prince, the elected of God, and the ordained controller of his creatures.

Verily romance is bereft of its wand in the presence of the realities of the latter half of the nineteenth century.

TREMENDOUS MUSICAL EXCITEMENT IN BOSTON.

THE ODIBUS OPERA.—This magnificent American composition was performed last evening at the Dock Square Opera House, to a large and fashionable audience—the ladies all being dressed in log cabin bonnets and dresses of American Gingham. The stage was tastefully decorated by American flags, and a venerable American eagle—very bald—occupied a roost by one of the wings. The rising of the curtain, revealing a view of Dock Square in a rain storm, with twenty seven passengers running to catch one omnibus, with six men and four women on the sidewalks shaking their umbrellas at the driver, was rapturously received. Upon this scene Brush, the artist, has exceeded himself.

The opening recitative and air by Signor Stitch and Herr Mather, were admirably rendered though we thought that in the higher notes, where the Signora, as the dripping milliner girl, puts in the agony as she finds the bus full—

"—— Hard hearted wretch
I hope there [illegible]"

was a little overdone. The author's idea of a womanly patience, under severe trial, was rather marred by the spiteful rendering of the melody, though a relief to this defect was found in the expressive silence of Herr Mather, and by the profound bassness of Mons. Doublebee in the humid air—

"If her appeals don't touch your heart,
Go to thunder with your cart."

The effect of this was greatly heightened by the conduct of the very intelligent audience, who stamped an accompaniment, which seemed, besides, greatly to encourage the performers.

We were little satisfied with the role of Mons. Barrelle. His forte is evidently the crank of the hand organ, which correct musical taste would assign to him, where he could fire away effectively, and pick up much money as is thrown to him by an appreciating public. His execution of the beautiful melody in the duett with Madame Schwash was complete murder, and we observed a very sensitive individual rigidly frozen by listening to it, so that the ushers had to carry him out and lay him over the register to thaw. The words—

"Ah! Columbia's fairest daughter,
Say, art soaken with the water?"

were abominably rendered. This part should have been given to Monsieur Swig, who, from his admiration of water, gives its representations to liquid an intonation that the listener not only is aware of the presence of the aqua pure—vide 'pothecary bottle—but can actually describe the horn pouts, pollywogs and other crustaceous animalcula therein, and has been known to portray a grist mill, a flock of ducks, and a boy in swimming, by the same admirable performance.

Of Mdme. Schwash too much cannot be said. Her reply to the question of *Tidd*—(Barrelle)

"Yes, I'm with the water soken,
In a manner most provoken,
But it 'aint no use to cry,
The sun'll come out bright by'mby"—

was magnificently given. The confession of moisture was made with a shiver that caused the audience to pull their cloaks over their shoulders, and one man, in a state of absence of mind, asked his companion if she had brought her umbrella with her. This feeling was changed, by delightful transition, to perfect sunshine. The clouds were seen to sever, and the luminous rays of the god of day made every heart glad. The birds began to sing, and the sweet odors of the common, freshly mown, came over the senses of admiring listeners with ecstatic force.

This portion was encored, omitting the question, when, on its repetition, in addition to its other effects, little boys were seen making mud pies in the new sunlight.

Of the other performers we may have occasion to speak hereafter. With regard to the appointments of this opera, we would suggest the purchase of a new fifty cent umbrella for the milliner, and the half soling of the driver's boots would add greatly to the effect without adding to the expense.

THE POLICE OF NEW YORK.

The organization of the Police Department of New York is complete. We have heard much of the efficiency of the Detectives of London and Paris, but whatever they may have been, they are no more than our equals; certainly they are not our superiors. The name "Shadows," for "Detectives," was first employed by the present Chief of Police, who thought it was more expressive of their real character than the name applied to them in England.

In setting out to write this article it might seem to some that we are either bound to flatter or denounce Chief Matsell. Well, we shall do neither, but we shall speak the truth. In the first place, we are under no obligation to the chief for our information, and secondly, he would be opposed, probably, to our publishing much of the information of which we are in possession.

As we said in setting out, the organization of the department is complete, and what is more important, it has got a head, notwithstanding whatever to the contrary has been said relative to Mr. Matsell, the Chief of Police. He has been connected with criminal matters upwards of fifteen years, and is conversant with everything in the criminal business. Not only is he acquainted from hearsay with the names of the prominent criminals of this country, but he has seen them and knows them personally, and is posted up in all their movements. Let a noted criminal from England land on our shores, even without information from the other side, and it is seldom the case, as the felon will be scarce two days in the city till he is "piped" and "shown up" to the department. It has been asked by some, why not take daguerreotypes of felons, and it would save all this useless parade of showing up a man. It is an old adage, "one man may lead a horse to the water, but it will take fifty to make him drink." So it is with daguerreotype taking; you may have all the apparatus to the prison, place the criminal in a proper position, but unless he sits still you cannot take his likeness. He can elevate his brow, twist his mouth, turn his eyes in an unnatural direction, make a thousand grimaces, and after all, when the likeness is taken, it is little better than a caricature. Not one out of a hundred are willing that their likeness should be taken.

Some few are gratified at the idea of such a distinguished honor, as they suppose, but in all such cases self-conceit predominates over caution. The Daguerreotype taking of felons has been tried both in England and France but without success, for the very reasons which we have stated. We should think it must be very flattering to the American mind to know that their Police system is equal to that of Paris, even where a passport and system of espionage exists to the present day.

THE CHIEF OF POLICE.

Many curious anecdotes are told of this gentleman, not a few of which are highly amusing. Fancy a short, thick set man, about five feet nine, nearly as broad as he is long, Dutch built, of powerful frame, neck rather short, broad, round face, and a body, which, if it were stretched out to the proper point of gentility, would double this in length, and you have the Chief of Police. Such a man, you would say, it was impossible to disguise himself so as not to be known by his most intimate friends. Yet such is the case. He has sat beside his wife and talked to her many times, wondering when the Chief would come in, and she did not recognize him.

But it is not so difficult to disguise one's self, after all, if the physiognomy and voice are altered. A tube under the tongue will alter the latter, and the former can be transformed by an imitation goatee, moustache or whiskers. Mr. Matsell can do what very few men can do either on or off the stage. He can give the brogue of an Irishman with all its richness, the broken English of a Dutchman, and the long drawl and broad dialect of a Scotchman, so perfect that a native of either of these countries could not but be deceived. He can give the "top o' the morning" to Pat, "arrah, how are ye?" and to Sawney, "Hoo are ye, mon? eh, "mon, I'm glad tae see ye;" and to Dutchy, "Yaw, yaw," seems to come naturally. He is also an adept at imitating the Frenchman and Italian. If the Chief could not disguise himself, there would be little use for him on the Police Department of New York. There are men in every sphere of life whose sole study is how to shirk work and duty.

Did you ever see an old Dutchman, roughly clad, early on a summer's morning, just before the break of day, going lazily along in his milk cart, looking from side to side, as if he were not quite certain of the numbers and his customers? He pulls up suddenly, and alights just beside a policeman who is taking a comfortable nap on a doorstep. He goes up to him and gives him a shake.

Policeman—Who the —— are you, you d——d Dutchman? What do you want?

Milkman—Ah! I catch you asleep. I tell the Chief. Help mine can off?

Policeman—No; go along and don't trouble me.

The milkman goes along, but the policeman finds out before night that he had been talking that morning to the Chief of Police.—Sometimes, rather than face the music, the policeman resigns, and nobody knows why.

Another illustration. It is a cold, bitter night and a drizzly sleet gives evidence of approaching snow storms. The pavements are slippery, and the streets are rather slushy. It is an hour when streets are generally deserted. A stranger is seen staggering through Broadway; he is very respectably dressed, but his tongue betokens his country; he stops and looks at a corner, but the darkness and sleet render it impossible to discover where he is. No lamp-posts indicate the locality. "Thunder an'ouns, New York is an infernal place. I wonder where the Police are."

On he goes, and at last he finds one.

"Can you tell me where the South Ferry is, Sir?"

Policeman—Yes Sir; follow your nose and you'll come to it."

"Och, but ye're funny."

On he goes till he meets with another, and the same question is asked and a civil answer is given, and he is directed how to go.

"Now, sir, I'm a rale Irish gentleman, and I think I've met ye once with an American gintleman. Arrah now won't you come and take a glass of whisky?"

"No, sir, I don't need it, and you have had enough. Come along, I will show you the South Ferry."

On the two go till they reach Pearl street, where a groggery stands. By hook or by crook the Irish gentleman would not pass till they had a drink. [illegible] pidity, lifts the money up, puts it in his friend's pocket, takes a pin and fastens it so that it might not fall out again. The policeman, while gathering up the money, is blunt enough to tell him that there were men on the police who were more deserving of such money than a fool like him: but at the same time refuses anything to drink or money for his trouble. The Irishman is conducted to the ferry, and here ends this matter.

Next day two policemen are sent for to the Chief's office, and they discover for the first time that they had been talking to their Chief the night previous. The one is reprimanded, and the other, it is needless to say, is duly promoted at the proper time.

THE ORDERLIES OF THE CHIEF.

There are three Orderlies—Officers Brown, Bowyer and Devoe. These officers in their turn take charge of the office, and have command, under the Chief, of all matters coming before that dignitary. The Orderlies have also charge of some particular department. Brown has the supervision of pawnbrokers, Devoe of all matters pertaining to hacks, and Bowyer of second-hand dealers and junk-shops.

There are also several aids. Joseph Keefe is general detective. The men have no regular hours like other policemen; they are to be seen at all times in all sorts of places, on business or on the lay.

The Reserved corps is composed of thirteen squads. In this department there is a drill-sergeant. As soon as a "greeny" is appointed they take him and put him through his facings. The "Shadows" are selected from no particular squad or ward, but just where they can be found. Not one in a hundred is capable of filling such a post.

The number of "Shadows" varies from a dozen to forty. To capture such a man as the "Vitriol man," who conducted his operations at night, and at different places, it was necessary to put as many as forty "Shadows" on duty. And even then it was a difficult matter to arrest him, as he only operated one night in a week, and sometimes only once in a month.

"PIPING" A SUSPICIOUS CHARACTER.

This matter of piping a thief, or suspicious character, is conducted on scientific principles. The man is piped first by number one, who follows close on his heels; if the "shadow" has kept too close, and is afraid of being himself discovered, he passes on, and number two takes his place. He also may, for like reasons, pass the thief, and number three then comes in and pipes him also. By this means the thief can be followed to his haunts, and even piped till the moment he is caught in the act of a burglary or a robbery.

In Broadway they can pipe as much as half a mile off. They always carry with them the means of disguising themselves, which they can do even in the streets. When a notorious character arrives in the city, they take him in charge. They pipe him coming out of the house in the morning, they follow him all day, and pipe him home to bed at night. It sometimes happens that a "shadow" makes acquaintance at the opera with a noted thief, gains his confidence, and then gets a knowledge of his and his associates movements. But the "shadow" who can gain the confidence of a thief without a formal introduction, must be a smart man. The "shadows," by the orders of the Chief, are requested to keep notes, and by this means they become thoroughly posted up to affairs.

From the Brownsville [illegible], Jan. 2.

Domestic Comforts in Santa Fe during a "Wet Spell."

By last night's Western mail we received files of late Santa Fe papers. The principal feature of their columns are the details of Indian murders and robberies. The Gazette thus notices the comforts of domestic life in Santa Fe during a "wet spell:"

"This has been one of the wettest years within the memory of the oldest inhabitant; the rainy season has lasted longer, and four times the usual quantity of water has fallen. The severest storm we have had, commenced on Monday, the 30th ult., and continued all the week, alternate rain and snow, day and night. As might be expected, our mud houses, with roof of the same material, were not proof against this deluge, and the consequence was that every family was flooded. We have not heard of a house in town that did not leak, and in the most of them the water came down in streams. Several families were drenched out at midnight, and ran round to seek a dry place to sleep; some to the court house and some to the exchange—and other places, but without success. We saw water three inches deep in some houses. As the storm continued through the week, it required a good deal of management to sleep at nights without lying in a pool of water, and some amusing expedients were resorted to. One gentleman of the army pitched his tent in his chamber, and thus managed to keep partially dry. An American family of our acquaintance slept under umbrellas—the children being rolled up in buffalo robes and carefully laid away in one corner. Another gentleman being roused up at midnight by water, laid down under the table, and being driven from that position, seated himself in a chair, and held an umbrella over his head until morning. Another friend of ours, being in succession driven from all conceivable places, it is said, seated himself in his arm chair, in the middle of the room, stuck an umbrella in his left pocket, and, with Shakespeare in his hand, took the rain quietly and philosophically."

From the Detroit Daily Advertiser.

THE LAMENTATION OF MR. DOESTICKS,

SEVENTY-HUNDRED AND ONE,
Nassau st., New York,
January 23, 1855.

Sorrow is upon the heart, a heavy grief upon the soul, and a great affliction in the home of me, Doesticks. My friend, the charm of my chamber, the companion of my lonely hours, the treasure of my heart, the light of my eyes, the sunshine of my existence, the borrower of my clean shirts, and my Sunday pantaloons, the permanent clothing and fancy goods debtor of my life, is no more. My sack-cloth garment is not yet complete, my tailor having disappointed me; but dust and ashes lie in alternate strata, undisturbed upon the head of me, Doesticks.—Weep with me sympathizing world, lend a helping hand to lift away this heavy load of sorrowful sorrow, of woeful woe, of bitter bitterness, of agonizing agony, of wretched wretchedness, and torturing torture, which now afflicts with terrible weight the head of me, Doesticks. I grieve, I mourn, I lament, I weep, I suffer, I pine, I droop, I sink, I despair, I writhe in agony, I feel bad.

Damphool has departed this life.

He is buried, but he is not dead; he is entombed, but he is still alive. After a metropolitan existence of a few months had partially relieved him of his rural verdure, after having seen with appreciating eyes the suburbs of a town which alone contains the entire and undivided *Elephant*, he has voluntarily exiled himself to a stagnant village in the western wilderness—a sleepy, ambitious little townlet, vainly, for many years, aspiring to the dignity of cityhood—but which still remains a very baby of a city, not yet (metaphorically speaking,) divested of those rudimentary triangular garments peculiar to weaklings in an undeveloped state—without energy enough to cry when it is hurt, or go-aheadism sufficient to keep its nose clean.

A somnambulistic town—for in spite of all the efforts made for its glorification, it has obstinately refused to shake off its municipal drowsiness—a very Rip Van Winkle of a town, now in the midst of its twenty years' nap, and which will arouse sometime and find itself so dilapidated that its former friends won't recognize it—a town which actualizes that great fable of the hare and tortoise—and, trusting in its capability of speed, has gone fast asleep at the beginning of the course only to awaken some future day to the fact that all her tortoise neighbors have passed it on the way, and it has been distanced in the race, rather than be disturbed in its comfortable snooze. A very sepulchre of a town, into which, if a wounded voyager in the stream of earnest life be cast, he is lost to the world, as if he were embalmed with oriental spices, and shelved away in the darkest tomb of the Pharaohs. A town whose future greatness exists only in the Imagination of its deluded inhabitants whose enterprise and public spirit are as fabulous as the Phœnix. A town which will never be a city, save in name, until telegraphs, railroads, colleges, churches, libraries and busy warehouses become indigenous to the soil of the Wolverines, and spring like mushrooms from the earth, without the aid of human mind to plan, or human will to urge the work, or human hand to place one single stone.

For, sooner than this dormant town shall be matured into a flourishing city by the men who now doze away their time within its sleepy limits; the dead men of Greenwood shall rise from their mossy graves, and pile their marble monuments into a tradesman's market-house.

Yet here has the late lamented Damphool resolved to bury himself, establishing thereby an undisputed title to the expressive name he bears; and I can only hope that in his exile some stray newspaper may be wrecked within his reach, that he may come to know the present heartfelt lament of me, Doesticks.

I have ever tried, O! mighty Damphool to forgive thy faults, and overlook thy frailties.—Some have insinuated that thou wert selfish, even unto meanness "quien sabe?" Some have said that thou wert lazy, but such have never seen thee eat. What, though thou wert foppish to a degree!—I could forgive thy Shanghai coats, thy two score turn down collars, and thy pantaloons, so tight thou hadst to pull them on with boot-hooks; thy gorgeous cravat, with its bow projecting on either side like a silken wing; thy lemon colored kids; thy cambric handkerchiefs, dripping with compounds to me unknown; and thy blanket shawl, which made thee resemble a half-breed Scotchman. I could overlook the boarding-school tea of the Miss Nancyish 'Journal,' filled with poetry rejected by the press, with unmeaning prose, with dyspeptic complaints of hard fortune, or bilious repinings at thy lot, and all the senseless silliness which thou didst inscribe therein. I could endure the affected airs thou didst assume before the lady boarders, that they might think and call thee *Poet*; the abstracted air, the appearance of being lost in thought, and the sudden recovery of thy truant wits, with a spasmodic start; the shirt collar loose at the neck, and turned romantically down over the coat; the long hair brushed back behind thy noticeable ears, to show thy "marble forehead." I could admire that self-appreciation of personal charms which made thee certain all the young ladies were smitten unto matrimony with thy fascinations.

How faithful wert thou in the gastronomical affections! how constant to thy first love—fried oysters; and how attentive to the choice of thy maturer judgment, boiled turkey with celery.—How unwavering in thy economy, never parting with a dime in charity; in generosity or in friendly gift; but only disbursing the same for a full equivalent in the wherewithal to decorate the outer man or gratify the inner individual. How constant in thy devotion to music and the drama, always attending the opera or theatre whenever gratuitous tickets would buy thee [illegible]. What an intense appreciation hadst thou of [illegible]. How lovely wert thou in disposition, how ami[illegible]

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY DRY GOODS CHEAP. WE WILL CLOSE OFF OUR WINTER GOODS AT PRICES GREATLY BELOW What the same goods were Ever Before Offered IN CHICAGO. CALL SOON AND GET THE BARGAINS. GOODS WILL BE HIGHER IN THE SPRING. L. D. OLMSTED & CO. 143 LAKE STREET 143.

A. B. BATTIN & CO., PRACTICAL WORKERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO AND SNUFF. DEALERS IN CIGARS. STEAM WORKS, MARKET STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

SPLENDID CHANCE FOR CHEAP GOODS! T. B. CARTER & CO. HAVING just completed their inventory, find their stock entirely too large for the season; and, desirous of reducing it as much as possible before RECEIVING NEW GOODS, they will offer from this date, their Stock, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, FOR CASH. They need not assure the public, that their goods are of the most desirable kinds, and the opportunity for buying CHEAP GOODS NEVER WAS BETTER. As many of their goods will be sold at COST, OR LESS THAN COST. In order to reduce the stock. T. B. CARTER & CO., 136 LAKE ST. 136.

IT SHALL, AND MUST BE EXECUTED. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Citizens of Chicago [illegible]

ADAMS' LIVER BALSAM. Is sure to cure LIVER COMPLAINTS; It is warranted to cure BILLIOUS FEVERS; It is the best article known for any kind of PILES; Will cure CHRONIC LUNG COMPLAINTS; Never fails to cure JAUNDICE; It is warranted to cure SCROFULA and SALT RHEUM; Always cures DYSPEPSIA and INDIGESTION; Immediately restores LOSS OF APPETITE; Cures GENERAL DEBILITY; And for FEMALE COMPLAINTS is the best article before the American people. [illegible]

MARRIED. In this city, on the 8th inst., by Rev. R. H. Clarkson, Mr. J. A. GRANE to Miss MARIE HILES, all of this place.

TAPE WORM CURED BY M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE. New York, August 2, 1852. [illegible]

AT PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SALE. [illegible]

BELOIT & MADISON RAILROAD. AT A MEETING of the Board of Directors of the Beloit and Madison Railroad Company, held at its office in Madison, Wisconsin, on Thursday, January 17th, A. D. 1855, the following Resolution was unanimously adopted, to wit: [illegible] ALBERT C. INGHAM, Secretary B. and M. Railroad Co. Madison, January 29th, 1855.

GERMAN WORSTEDS, A Complete Assortment of EMBROIDERY MATERIALS, KNITTING YARNS, &c. AT CARL F. W. JUNGE'S FANCY BASKET STORE, 23 CLARK ST. 23.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, BOSTON, Have Published MARY M. CHASE AND HER WRITINGS. [illegible]

WANTED. A GOOD Small House, [illegible]

50 BBLS East Port HERRING [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO. 79 South Water street.
100 TIERCES [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
300 [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
500 [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
5000 [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
400 BOXES [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
1000 BOXES [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
300 BBLS [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
550 BAGS [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
450 CHESTS TEA [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
250 BOXES TOBACCO [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.
150 [illegible] WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTH-DAY. [illegible] SOUTH MARKET HALL [illegible] JOHN LEWIS PEYTON, Esq. [illegible]

HOPS VALENTINE'S NIGHT. CUPID'S FESTIVAL CIVIC, MILITARY, FIREMEN'S AND FANCY DRESS BALL, AT THE SOUTH MARKET HALL, On WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEB. 14, 1855. [illegible]

WEEKLY PROMENADES. [illegible] Music by Washington Brass Band.

CARPETS. One of the largest and best assorted stocks of Carpeting in the United States, at the reduced price of the day. J. WEST, 197 LAKE STREET.

CURTAINS. Brocatelle, Satin de Laine, Damask, Lace Curtains, Cornices, Gimps, Tassels, and every suitable requisite. J. WEST, 197 LAKE STREET.

FURNITURE. In addition to our present extensive assortment, we are finishing several magnificent suits of furniture, which will be ready for the early spring trade. J. WEST, 197 LAKE STREET.

JOHN WEST'S CARPET AND GENERAL FURNISH'G WAREHOUSE, 197 Lake St. 197.

WANTED. A PLEASANT ROOM, with Board, [illegible]

NOTICE. [illegible] HEAVY TIMBER LAND. [illegible] INFORMATION WANTED. [illegible]

THOMAS GEORGE & CO. 201 LAKE STREET. Copper, Tin Sheet-Iron Ware, Plumbers' [illegible] BRASS WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. RETAIL DEALERS IN Parlor and Cooking Stoves and Stove Furniture, Hot Air Furnaces, Cooking Ranges, CONSTANTLY ON HAND. [illegible]

EXCHANGE. [illegible] LAND IN T. 40, R. 13. [illegible] WHIG ALMANAC FOR 1855. [illegible] JUDGE EDMONDS' SECOND VOLUME. SPIRITUALISM, by John W. Edmonds and George T. Dexter, M.D. [illegible] 250 [illegible] POUND. [illegible]

WHO WANTS A PARTNER, WITH $4,000 OR $5,000, CASH CAPITAL, TO INVEST IN A GOOD BUSINESS? [illegible]

BOARDING HOUSE, No. 240 MADISON ST. [illegible] RUNAWAY. [illegible] GERMAN CONSULATE. [illegible] HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE. A BEAUTIFUL & PLEASANT LOCATION. [illegible] CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS. [illegible]

WE WILL SELL FOR THE SPACE OF THIRTY DAYS OUR STOCK OF WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND SILVER WARE, AT PRIME COST, AT THE ONLY OPPOSITION STORE, THOMPSON & JOHNSON, [illegible]

DRUGGISTS' GLASS. [illegible] OILS. [illegible] INDIA RUBBER COMBS. [illegible] NEW PLATS. [illegible] BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY. A. H. & C. BURLEY [illegible] CHURCH NOTICE. [illegible]

SALES BY AUCTION.

JOHN RANKIN General Auction and Commission Merchant AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN [illegible] 124 RANDOLPH ST. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

GRUBB & WILLMARTH, AUCTION, COMMISSION & WHOLESALE MERCHANTS, 204 LAKE STREET 204. Fire Proof Four-Story Building. [illegible]

JAMES A. MARSHALL & CO., AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANT [illegible] LOTS, LANDS, GOODS, VESSELS, STOCK [illegible] No. 10 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

CITY AUCTION ROOMS. B. C. FOSTER, 150 LAKE STREET. [illegible]

GEO. B. PUTNAM, General Auction and Commission Merchant 48½ RANDOLPH ST., CHICAGO, Will attend to sales of LOTS, LANDS, GOODS, FURNITURE, VESSELS, STOCKS, &c. [illegible] T. G. WILSON, Auctioneer.

L. A. LEVY, Jr., & CO., AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. FIREPROOF MARBLE BUILDINGS, [illegible]

ELECTION NOTICES.

CITY COLLECTOR. ISAAC ANDERSON is the People's Candidate for City Collector at the next March Election, and he solicits the votes of his many friends. ISAAC ANDERSON.

FOR STREET COMMISSIONER. THE Subscriber respectfully announces himself as a Candidate for the office of Street Commissioner of the North Division. JOHN SORGHEN.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A Boy 14 or 16 years old, to feed a Cylinder Press. Apply at this office.

WANTED. A PARTNER [illegible] AGENTS WANTED. [illegible] RUFUS BLANCHARD. WANTED. [illegible] BOARDING. [illegible] BOARDING. [illegible] WANTED. [illegible] GENTEEL BOARDING. [illegible] Spacious, Airy, and Furnished with all the Modern Improvements. WANTED. [illegible]

TO RENT OR LEASE. TO RENT. [illegible] WATER LOT AND STEAM POWER TO RENT. [illegible] OFFICE TO LET. [illegible] STORES AND ROOMS TO RENT. [illegible] TO RENT. [illegible] OFFICE TO RENT OR LEASE. [illegible] FOR RENT. [illegible] FOR RENT. [illegible] FOR RENT. [illegible] TO RENT. [illegible] TO RENT. [illegible] LAKE ST. PROPERTY ON TEN YEARS LEASE. [illegible] A CHARMING SPOT FOR A RESIDENCE. [illegible] LAW BOOKS. [illegible] FOR RENT. [illegible] DRUG STORE FOR SALE. [illegible] FRANTZ STAAB. [illegible]

FIELD, BENEDICT & CO. [illegible] Wholesale Dealers in goods for Men's Wear. 171 SOUTH WATER ST. 171.

DISSOLUTION. [illegible] COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. [illegible] FRANKLIN STREET PROPERTY FOR LEASE. [illegible] METROPOLITAN HALL. [illegible] INDIA RUBBER BELTING. [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE. STAGE MANAGER W. McFARLAND. This evening will be performed the Romantic Play of WILLIAM TELL, THE HERO OF SWITZERLAND. [illegible] WACOUSTA; [illegible]

South Market Hall! FUN AND FROLIC. THE WORLD RENOWNED ABLE MELODISTS [illegible] PANORAMA OF A VOYAGE TO EUROPE. Change of Programme each Night. Cards of Admission, 25 CENTS.

SOCIAL ASSEMBLY. AT SOUTH MARKET HALL. MONDAY EVENING FEBRUARY 12, 1855. MANAGERS: [illegible] MUSIC BY KAN'S BAND.

PHRENOLOGY. MR. OWEN DUFFY HAS REMOVED TO SOUTH MARKET HALL. [illegible]

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Promenade Balls. [illegible] WEST MARKET HALL. [illegible]

IN TIME OF PEACE PREPARE FOR WAR! ATTENTION, NATIONAL GUARD. [illegible]

VALENTINES AT WHOLESALE ONLY. D. B. COOKE & CO. 136 Lake st.

CLOTHING. GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES. C. M. AIKEN. [illegible] BOYS' CLOTHING AT COST. [illegible]

NEW TOOL STORE AND PLANE FACTORY. J. S. LAPE & CO., DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF MECHANICS' TOOLS. Planes Repaired and Made to Order. [illegible] 37 WELLS ST. 37.

WILLIAM REESE, CANDLE MOULD MANUFACTURER, 150 WELLS STREET. [illegible]

FIRE PROOF SAFE DEPOT, NOS. 242 & 244 SOUTH WATER ST. DAVIDSON'S FIRE KING SAFE, [illegible] MANUFACTURER'S PRICES. [illegible] FIRE, DAMPNESS, AND BURGLARS. [illegible]

GOEWEY'S RELIANCE LOCK, WARRANTED BURGLAR AND POWDER PROOF, [illegible] LOCOMOTIVE LAMPS. [illegible] TO ALL RAILROAD COMPANIES. CORRUGATED SINGLE PLATE CAR WHEELS. [illegible]

BARNUM's BUNKUM. [illegible] 121,000 COPIES. [illegible] ARMSTRONG & CO. [illegible] 131 STATE STREET, CHICAGO.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS Should not fail to call at STATIONERS' HALL, No. 81 LAKE STREET, And look at our Splendid Stock of VALENTINES, Which comprises the Most extensive Assortment ever before offered IN CHICAGO. We offer the greatest inducements to the trade, from the fact that we are the ONLY MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS in the city. [illegible] Lower Rates than any other Establishment. [illegible] STATIONERS' HALL. 81 LAKE STREET. 81 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. MUNSON & WHEADLEY.

BY AUTHORITY. [illegible] PUBLIC NOTICE. [illegible]

DAILY TRIBUNE.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

LOCAL MATTERS.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES. [illegible]

SERMON TO THE YOUNG. The Fourth of the series of Sermons to the Young, will be preached by Rev. Dr. Todd, [illegible] at the Plymouth Church next Sabbath evening. Services commence at 7 1-2 o'clock.

THE RAILROADS. We at length are clear out of the woods. Communication was resumed with St. Louis and all intermediate points on yesterday morning. A train left this city for St. Louis at that time, via Aurora, Mendota, La Salle, Bloomington, and the Chicago and Mississippi Road to Alton. The entire line of the Illinois Central Road is clear, and trains will now run as usual, and the remaining obstructions on the upper portion of the Chicago and Mississippi will most probably yield to-day. We shall now receive our regular Springfield correspondence, of which we have been deprived for nearly three weeks, and our readers will again be fully posted up in regard to the doings of the august Legislature.

All of our other roads are all right, and the troubles of the past three weeks will soon be forgotten or remembered only to be laughed at.

ST. LOUIS PAPERS. The first newspapers from St. Louis which have gladdened our eyes since the 29th of January, were received on yesterday by express. They bear date of January 31st and February 1st, but contain nothing of special interest. The complaints on account of the non-arrival of the eastern mails, were very emphatic, and much inconvenience and detriment to business had arisen therefrom.

THROUGH TO ST. LOUIS. The American Express Company last evening brought through papers of the previous day, and of several preceding days. We are indebted to Mellen & Co., 53 Clark st., and 75 Dearborn st., and Mr. Paige, at the Tremont House, for files of the *Republican* and *Intelligencer*, for several days past. We find them filled with complaints of the cold and bad weather, etc. We shall now have no delay in receiving St. Louis mails.

COAL AND WOOD Are becoming very scarce in the city for fuel. There is no Illinois coal at present in the city but by the first of the week it will probably come in by the roads from the southwest. Morris coal will sell at $7, Pekin Bluff and Sheffield for $8, and Watson's new mine for $8 per ton, at the yards. Some 200 tons of the latter sold since the snow blockade, but it is all gone. Some yards are out of Erie coal, and those who have carters coal are entitled to credit for not asking more for it, as they could just as well have $11 as $10 per ton at present. Some of the wood-yards are doing well by selling slices to the small needy purchasers, and in small quantities. In a couple of weeks we may look for supplies of wood by the Lake. Last year we received it by vessels from and after Feb. 13.

Interesting Ceremony. Trinity Church in this city was the scene of an interesting ceremony on Wednesday morning last. The officiating clergy were the Right Rev Bishop Whitehouse, Rev. Dr. Smallwood, Rector of the Church; Rev. R. H. Clarkson, of St James, Rev Dudley Chase, of the Church of the Atonement, Rev. Louis L. Noble, of Grace Church, Rev. S. Y. McMasters, of Alton, and Rev. H. A. Neely, of Utica, N. Y. The Rev Julius H. Waterbury, of Aurora, was ordained to the priesthood.

The Lectures at Metropolitan Hall. The public were much disappointed on Thursday evening, by the non appearance of Dr Cox, who, it had been announced, would lecture that evening. The Doctor was at St Louis, and was unable to get here on account of the state of the railroads. The Young Men's Association were not aware of this till Thursday afternoon, when hand bills were immediately distributed through the city, announcing that there would be no lecture.

The next lecture will be delivered on next Thursday evening by the world renowned poet and traveller, Bayard Taylor. The man who traveled over Europe on foot and who has explored the White Nile, will hardly fail to reach Chicago in time for his engagement. We bespeak for him a crowded house, and "may we be there to see."

Beggars.—Almost daily we see professional beggars going into the houses of the industrious and kind hearted, imposing on their credulity and obtaining that which ought to be given to the needy alone. Yesterday morning a woman of that class of impostors came out of a residence in the southern part of the city, with a basket full of articles she had just received, and handed it to her husband—a well-dressed and comfortable looking man—who was waiting in an adjoining alley. She then drew her dirty-looking hood down over her well combed hair, and proceeded to the next house to get another armful, while the man disappeared, doubtless, to sell his ill-gotten charity, to increase his already abundant store. Beware of the professional beggar. Those who are in most need, are generally too proud to beg, and should be hunted up by the charitable.

Cook County Court of Common Pleas. JUDGE—JOHN M. WILSON. Chicago, Friday, Feb. 9.

Chauncey D. Spaids vs. Albert Heilbrooks—Assumpsit. Reported yesterday. Verdict for plaintiff, $111.

Charles Toppan et al vs Ira B. Eddy—Assumpsit. Jury trial. Verdict for plaintiff, $611 21. Heyne & Miller for plaintiff; Tracy for defendant.

Frederick Rowe vs Antonio Hock. Judgment, by agreement, for plaintiff, $39 and costs. Arnold & Lee for plaintiff; Heyne for defendant.

Henry W. Frisbee vs James Carter. Trespass on the case. Jury trial. Pending.

The following cases are on the trial list for to-day:

81. Calvert et al vs Attix.
82. Fox et al vs Richmond et al.
83. True vs Dodge et al.
84. Needham vs City of Chicago.
85. Young et al vs Williams.
86. Same vs Dyer.
87. Same vs Newhall.
88. Same vs Davidson.
89. Hunt vs Jones.
90. Norton et al vs Blakeslee.
91. Jones et al vs Warner et al.
92. Warwick et al vs Spaulding et al.
93. Adams et al vs Layton et al.
94. Rabe vs Norton.
95. Getty vs Norton et al.
96. Spaids vs Cooper.

The Recorder's Court. ROBERT S. WILSON, Recorder. Chicago, Friday, Feb. 9, 1855.

Frederic Knable vs Philetus W. Gates & Co.—Appeal. Jury trial. Verdict for deft. Motion for new trial.

Sarah E. Sarton vs Parmlee's omnibus line. This was a suit brought to recover the value of a trunk lost on an omnibus. Verdict for plff., $42 75.

Martin Mahony vs schooner Emeline. Suit to recover wages. Jury trial. Verdict for defendant. Motion for a new trial.

Owen Salmon and George McIntosh vs W. M. Egan. Appeal. Suit brought to recover damage for alleged injuries to a boat. Jury out.

Fifteen new indictments were returned by the Grand Jury, making forty-nine in all.

CRIMINAL.

About twenty persons were arraigned on indictments, for sundry offences.

Thos. Wilkinson, negro, pleaded guilty to burglary, and was sent to the penitentiary for [illegible] years.

Theodore Mason also pleaded guilty to a like indictment, and received the same sentence.

Thomas Walsh pleaded guilty to petit larceny. Sentence deferred.

John Carver pleaded guilty to stealing money from the St. Charles saloon. Sentence deferred.

Joseph E. Gardiner pleaded guilty to the charge of passing counterfeit money. Sentence deferred.

Charles E. Smith pleaded guilty to three separate indictments, two for forgery, and one for offering to pass counterfeit money. Sentence deferred to take testimony in regard to his age.

Police Court—His Honor Mayor Milliken. Chicago, Feb. 9, 1855.

This Court yesterday morning presented a "beggarly array of empty benches." Two or three "drunks," at $3 each and one disorderly, is all that the docket shows.

U. S. District Court. This Court will be opened on Monday morning.

A Gambler Convicted. The Mayor has bound over an individual named Lyndall A. Hickey, in the sum of $300, to answer the charge of gambling with a [illegible] kind of a gambling apparatus.

[illegible]

NOW IS THE TIME
TO BUY
DRY GOODS CHEAP.
WE WILL CLOSE OUT OUR
WINTER GOODS
AT PRICES
GREATLY BELOW
What the same goods were
Ever Before Offered
IN CHICAGO.
CALL SOON AND GET THE BARGAINS.
GOODS WILL BE HIGHER IN THE SPRING.
L. D. OLMSTED & CO.
148 .... LAKE STREET 148

A. B. MATTIN & CO.,
PRACTICAL WORKERS
AND JOBBERS OF
FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO AND SNUFF.
DEALERS IN CIGARS.
STEAM WORKS, MARKET STREET.

SPLENDID CHANCE
FOR
CHEAP GOODS!
T. B. CARTER & CO.
RECEIVING NEW GOODS,
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
FOR CASH.
CHEAP GOODS
NEVER WAS BETTER.
COST, OR LESS THAN COST.
T. B. CARTER & CO.
136 .... LAKE ST. 136

IT SHALL, AND MUST BE EXECUTED

ADAMS' LIVER BALSAM

BELOIT AND MADISON RAILROAD.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, BOSTON,
MARY M. CHASE AND HER WRITINGS.

THOMAS GEORGE & CO.
BRASS WORK
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
RETAIL DEALERS IN
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CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

EXCHANGE.
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WHIG ALMANAC FOR 1855.
JUDGE EDMONDS' SECOND VOLUME.
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204 .... LAKE STREET 204

JAMES A. MARSHALL & CO.,
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CITY AUCTION ROOMS.
B. C. FOSTER,
130 .... LAKE STREET ....

GEO. B. PUTNAM,
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LOTS, LANDS, GOODS, FURNITURE,

L. A. LEVY, JR., & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS
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FIREPROOF MARBLE BUILDINGS,

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FOR STREET COMMISSIONER.

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AGENTS WANTED.
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BOARDING.
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PLANE FACTORY.
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ALL KINDS OF MECHANICS' TOOLS.
Planes Repaired and Made to Order,
51 .... WELLS ST. 57

WILLIAM REESE,
CANDLE MOULD
MANUFACTURER,
150 WELLS STREET,

FIRE PROOF SAFE
DEPOT
NOS. 243 & 244 SOUTH WATER ST.,
DAVIDSON'S FIRE KING SAFE,
Bank Vault Locks and Doors.
MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.
A Safe which has never been equalled.
FIRE, DAMPNESS AND BURGLARS.
GOEWEY'S RELIANCE LOCK,
WARRANTED BURGLAR AND POWDER PROOF, FOR SAFES, VAULTS, DOORS, &c.
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BARNUM vs. BUNKUM.
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81 .... LAKE STREET 81
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
HUBSON & WHADLEY.

BY AUTHORITY.

DAILY TRIBUNE.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

LOCAL MATTERS.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Rev. Dr. Todd of Pittsfield, Mass., is expected to preach a Sermon to the Young, in the First Presbyterian Church on Sunday evening. Services commencing at 7 o'clock.

SERMONS TO YOUNG.

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The Lectures at Metropolitan Hall.

The public were much disappointed on Thursday evening, by the non appearance of Dr Cox, who, it had been announced, would lecture that evening. The Doctor was at St. Louis, and was unable to get here on account of the state of the railroads. The Young Men's Association were not aware of this till Thursday afternoon, when hand-bills were immediately distributed through the city, announcing that there would be no lecture.

The next lecture will be delivered on next Thursday evening by the world renown poet and traveller, BAYARD TAYLOR. The man who travelled over Europe on foot and who has explored the White Nile, will hardly fail to reach Chicago in time for his engagement. We bespeak for him a crowded house, and "may we be there too see."

BEGGARS.—Almost daily we see professional beggars going into the houses of the industrious and kind hearted, imposing on their credulity and obtaining that which should be given to the needy alone. Yesterday morning a woman of that class of imposters came out of a residence in the southern part of the city, with a basket full of articles she had just received, and handed it to her husband—a well-dressed and comfortable looking man, who was waiting in an adjoining alley. She then drew her dirty-looking hood down over her well-combed hair, and proceeded to the next house to get another armful, while the man disappeared, doubtless, to sell his ill-gotten charity, to increase his already abundant store. Beware of the professional beggar. Those who are most used, are generally too proud to beg, and should be hunted up by the charitable.

Cook County Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE—JOHN M. WILSON.

Chicago, Friday, Feb. 9.

Chauncey D. Spalds vs. Albert Helferstein—Assumpsit. Reported yesterday. Verdict for plaintiff, $111.

Charles Tappan et al vs Ira B. Eddy—Assumpsit. Jury trial. Verdict for plaintiff, $611 31. Hoyne & Miller for plaintiff; Tracy for defendant.

Frederick Reese vs Antonio Huck. Judgment, by agreement, for plaintiff, $20 and costs. Arnold & Lee for plaintiff; Hoyne for defendant.

Henry W. Frisbee vs James Garter. Trespass on the case. Jury trial. Pending.

The following cases are on the trial list for to-day:

81. Calvert et al vs Attix.
82. Fox et al vs Richmond et al.
83. True vs Dodge et al.
84. Needham vs City of Chicago.
85. Young et al vs Williams.
86. Same vs Dyer.
87. Same vs Newhall.
88. Same vs Davidson.
89. Hunt vs Jones.
90. Norton et al vs Blakeslee.
91. Jones et al vs Warner et al.
92. Warwick et al vs Spaulding et al.
93. Adams et al vs Layton et al.
94. Eaton vs Norton.
95. Getty vs Norton et al.
96. Spalds vs Cooper.

The Recorder's Court

ROBERT S. WILSON, ... Recorder.

Chicago, Friday, Feb. 9, 1855.

Frederic Knable vs Philetus W. Gates & Co.—Appeal. Jury trial. Verdict for deft. Motion for new trial.

Sarah E. Saxton vs Parmlee's omnibus line. This was a suit brought to recover the value of a trunk lost on an omnibus. Verdict for plff, $62 75.

Martin Mahony vs schooner Excelsior. Suit to recover wages. Jury trial. Verdict for deft. Motion for a new trial.

Owen Salmon and George McIntosh vs W. M. Egan. Appeal. Suit brought to recover damage for alleged injuries to a boat. Jury out.

Fifteen new indictments were returned by the Grand Jury, making forty-nine in all.

CRIMINAL.

About twenty persons were arraigned on indictments, for sundry offences.

Thos. Wilkinson, negro, pleaded guilty to burglary, and was sent to the penitentiary for five years.

Theodore Mawac also pleaded guilty to a like indictment, and received the same sentence.

Thomas Walsh pleaded guilty to petit larceny. Sentence deferred.

John Carrer pleaded guilty to stealing money from the St. Charles saloon. Sentence deferred.

Joseph H. Gardiner pleaded guilty to the charge of passing counterfeit money. Sentence deferred.

Charles E. Smith pleaded guilty to three separate indictments, two for forgery, and one for offering to pass counterfeit money. Sentence deferred to take testimony in regard to his age.

Police Court—His Honor Mayor Milliken.

Chicago, Feb. 9, 1855.

This Court yesterday morning, presented a "beggarly array of empty benches." Two or three "drunks," at $3 each, and one disorderly, is all that the docket shows.

U. S. District Court.

This Court will be opened on Monday morning.

A Gambler Cornered.

The Mayor has bound over an individual named Kendall A. Kidder, in the sum of $300, to answer the charge of gambling with a new kind of a gambling apparatus.

DIRECTORY OF THE VARIOUS PLACES OF WORSHIP IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

We give below a Directory of the various places of worship in the city, with the time of holding service in each.

Episcopalian.

Congregational.

Presbyterian.

Catholic.

Methodist.

Unitarian.

Universalist.

Swedenborgian.

Baptist.

Lutheran.

Jewish.

COMING DOWN OF HORSES.

Yesterday we saw a horse blindfolded and let down by pulleys from the upper story of a grain warehouse on Water st., where he had been since last summer, used as a power to elevate grain. It was found more profitable to keep him at present in front of a cutter.

AN INDIAN DELEGATION.

A delegation of ten Indian Winnebago Chiefs, accompanied by General FLETCHER, Indian Agent, reached this city in the three o'clock train yesterday afternoon from Galena *en route* for Washington. Some of them were noble looking fellows and were a striking contrast to the pigmy forms of the white men around them. One of them, WINNESHICK, in passing Freeport, Stephenson County, recognized the spot as his old hunting ground. He is the son of the old chief of that name, whose village was formerly located on the present site of Freeport. What changes a few short years have wrought in its aspect.

A Singular Case.

In our report of the proceedings of the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, will be found the conclusion of the remarkable case of Frederic Reese vs. Anton Huck. It is an action on the case, first tried in the Common Pleas some years ago, taken to the Supreme Court, and now sent down again to the Common Pleas. It is a suit brought by the plaintiff to recover damages against the proprietor of a German bowling alley, or garden, for consequential damages resulting from the loss of his servant, (his wife,) who was killed by being hit on the head by one of the balls which flew out of the garden. The verdict of $20 seems to us a small one for such a loss. However, "sich is life."

THE ART JOURNAL

G. F. GRIFFITH, 200 Lake Street, is the sole Agent in this city, for the sale of this splendid periodical, which far surpasses anything of the kind yet published in America. We have just examined the first number for the present year, and were astonished to find so much that was truly excellent in it. The present series, of which this is the initial number, will contain elegant and faithful engravings from pictures and statues in the collections of the Royal Family of Great Britain, at Windsor Castle, Buckingham Palace, and Osborn. The engraving of SAPPHO, in the present number, from the statue by W. Theed, in the collection of the Queen, is perfect in its beauty. As an engraving of a superb work of art, it is alone worth the price of the publication. This number is also enriched with a good engraving of the Royal Yatch off Mount St. Michael, from a picture in the Royal collection, and numerous other smaller and less deserving plates.

Hunt's Merchants Magazine

For February, has been received, and turns out to be an unusually valuable number. The following articles are embraced in its table of contents: Commerce of the United States, No. 13; Commerce and resources of Australia; Money, Chapter 2; The Usury Laws; Progress of Population in the United States in Cities and Towns; Journal of Mercantile Law; Commercial Chronicle and Review; Journal of Banking, Currency, and Finance; Commercial Regulations; Journal of Insurance; Commercial Statistics, Railroad, Canal and Steamboat Statistics; Nautical Intelligence; Statistics of Agriculture; Journal of Mining, &c. &c.

Kidder's Gas Regulator.

It is requested that all persons using the Regulator will take out the screws in the bottom about once in three months to let off any water that may be deposited by condensation in the pipes. Should there be a failure of gas by taking out this screw, you can tell at once if the supply comes through the metre, and trace the defect to some place further on, and in no instance can be found a regulator that does not work perfect, although some may lay the blame upon it.

To increase the light, place another ring upon the gasometer, and if too much light is given take off the ring, and you thereby reduce the consumption. A strict observance of this will give each consumer the power to have such a light as they may wish, and the change can be made at any time in two minutes.

J. L. DOUGLASS,
Agent N. Y. Gas Regulator.

The Chicago Almanac.

The third edition of this valuable little work is now ready. This edition contains much additional information, and among other things, a directory of the town of Waukegan. The rapid sale which the work is meeting with, and the necessity of issuing a third edition, are the best testimonials in its favor. Every one should have a copy. Published by E. H. Hale & Co., corner of Lake and La Salle street.

Sermons by Dr. Todd.

We are authorized by the officers of the Young Men's Association, to state that the Rev. JOHN TODD, of Massachusetts, will preach in the First Presbyterian Church of this city, corner of Washington and Clark sts, to-morrow afternoon at half past two o'clock.

We are also authorized to state, as will be seen in another place, that Dr. Todd will preach in the evening at the Second Presbyterian Church, corner of Wabash Avenue and Washington st.; and at the Plymouth Church, corner of Madison and Dearborn sts. People wishing to hear him had better go to both places.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE OFFICE, Friday evening, Feb. 9.

FLOUR.—No. 1 City Mills Ex. Sup., $7,75—No. 2 Family, $7,25.

WHEAT.—Spring $1 10@1 20; red and yellow winter 1,30@1,40.

CORN.—Sales at 53c ℔ bu.

OATS.—Sold at 38@39c to warehouse.

BARLEY.—Scarce.

RYE.—Sales at 85c.

HOGS.—Dressed and live Hogs.

MESS BEEF.

MESS PORK.—$11 for single bbls and $10@$10,50 by the qu'ty.

HAMS.—New, smoked city cured.

SALT.—Fine ℔ bbl $1,87½; coarse $2.12.

DRIED FRUIT.—Apples, $1,50@1,75 ℔ bush. Peaches, unpared, $1,50@1,75; pared, 13@15c ℔ lb.

HAY.—From Upland and sloughs, selling at $14@$16. Timothy, $18.

WHITE FISH.—No. 1, inspected, ½ bbls $4,50. No. 2 $4,25.

TROUT.—Very plenty at sales of No. 1 at $7,12@7,50.

CRANBERRIES.—Scarce at $11 ℔ bbl.

LARD.—Dull. No. 1 in kegs, 7@8c ℔ lb.

TALLOW.—11@12c ℔ lb.

POTATOES.—$1@1.25. Few in market.

CHEESE.—Western Reserve 11@12c. Country 9@10c.

BUTTER.—More plenty, at 13@14c by the firkin. In jars 15@16c. Fresh roll, 18c. Best roll, 17c.

EGGS.—Selling at 20c.

BEANS.—Worth $1,25@$1,37 ℔ bu, and in demand.

POULTRY.—Dressed chickens are worth $1,75@2 25 ℔ doz. Live Turkeys, ℔ lb; dressed 8@10c. Geese, 30@40c.

GAME.—Quails 60c ℔ doz. Prairie Chickens $1 25@2,75 ℔ doz. Ducks 12@15c each. Pheasants $2@3 doz. Rabbits 25 ℔ hundred. Venison ℔ lb.

HIGHWINES.—Sales at 28c. Whisky, 30c.

SEEDS.—Flax Seed, $1,25c. Timothy, $3@$3,25. Clover seed scarce.

HIDES.—Green, $4@$5 per dry flint, 9@9½c. Dry Salt 7@8c. Sheep skins 50@60c.

HOPS.—Madison county, N. Y., Hops are selling at 28c ℔ lb by the bale.

NUTS.—Black Walnuts and Butter-nuts 60c ℔ bushel.—Peanuts $2 ℔ bu. Hickory nuts $2.50 ℔ bu.

WOOD.—At retail, Hickory $9@$9.50 ℔ cord; Beech and Maple, $7@$7,50; Oak, $6@$6,50—and $1 additional ℔ cord for delivering to houses.

COAL.—Blossburgh, Morris $7 50; Sheffield, $8,50; Chippewa, Diamond New Castle, Cleveland, and Watson's new mine, $9 each; Blossburg, $9,50; Cannel, Erie, Cumberland or Mountjoy, Briar Hill, Brookfield, and Mount Nebo, $10,00 each, ℔ ton. Anthracite—Peach orchard and Lehigh $12. Lackawanna, $10,50. Scranton Furnace Lump, $10,50. White Ash, $11. These are the retail prices from the yards, and 50c ℔ ton must be added for delivery to houses.

NEW YORK MARKET.—Feb. 9.

FLOUR.—The Atlantic's advices have no perceptible effect upon the Market. Sales of 2,000 bbls at $8,75@$9 for common to good State, ... and Ind. Sales of Canadian at $9,37½ in bond.

GRAIN.—Wheat continues quiet.—Rye steady at $1.25.—Corn unchanged and quiet. Sales at $1@1,02.

WHISKEY.—In fair demand. Sales of small parcels Ohio at 31c.

PROVISIONS.—Pork steady at $13,50 for old mess. $14,25@14.50 for new, ... Beef steady at ... Lard steady at ... Butter steady at 13@21c for Ohio, and 18@25 for State. Cheese dull at 9½@10½c.

CHICAGO RETAIL MARKET.

[illegible]

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

TO SAIL.

[illegible]

TO ARRIVE

[illegible]

BRITISH COMMERCIAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
LONDON AND AMERICA.
ESTABLISHED 1820
CAPITAL $3,000,000
40, CLARK ST., CHICAGO.
ROBERT L. HASIAN, A. H. VAN BUREN, Agents.

PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON
INSURANCE CO.
INCORPORATED 1799.
CASH CAPITAL .... $200,000.
WARREN S. GREENE, Sec'y. SULLIVAN DORR, Pres't

ASSIGNEE'S SALE,
OF TIMBER, SPARS AND PLANK, &c.

NEW IRON WAREHOUSE.
200 .... SOUTH WATER STREET 200
CHICAGO .... ILLINOIS.
H. G. HALL & CO.,
IRON, STEEL, NAILS, SPIKES,
GLASS, BOILER RIVETS, BLACKSMITH TOOLS,
SPRINGS, AXLES, NUTS, WASHERS, TIN PLATE,
SHEET IRON, &c.

BOARDING.
A PARLOR and BEDROOM adjoining, will be let to a Gentleman and Wife.

INDIANA STATE STOCK
MONEY.
INDIANA FREE BANK AGENCY,
DE PAUW & DEFREES.

PARTNER WANTED.

OTTO H. MATZ,
ARCHITECT,
OFFICE: 84 DEARBORN STREET,
Opposite the Masonic Temple.

10,000 DOLLARS.

CHICAGO
STEAM ENGINE
WORKS,
COR. POLK ST. AND THE RIVER.
Chicago, Ill.
H. P. MOSES,
MANUFACTURER of Stationary and Marine Engines,

FARM LANDS
FOR SALE,
In Lots to suit Purchasers,
OVER
2,000,000
OF ACRES OF SELECTED PRAIRIE FARM LANDS,
Illinois Central Railroad Company.
Giving Six Years to pay for the Land,
With a Charge of only Two per Cent. per annum,
INTEREST.

READ! READ! READ!
AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION.
AT
Hollister's Bazaar,
118 - - LAKE STREET, - - 118
MERCHANTS, PEDLERS, and the PUBLIC,
FANCY GOODS,
Portmonnais, Purses, Card cases, Brushes,
VIOLINS, GUITARS, ACCORDEONS,
Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, Coffee Urns, Waiters.
A. F. WUERZ.

CHICAGO BOOK TRADE.
THE USEFUL WITH THE BEAUTIFUL.
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.,
111 .... LAKE STREET 111
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HISTORIES MAKE MEN WISE.—Bacon.
The most correct and reliable histories.
WILLSON'S COMPLETE HISTORICAL SERIES.
S. C. GRIGGS & CO., 111 Lake st.

SANDERS' NEW SERIES.
READING BOOKS!
Have you seen them?
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.

READ IT, YOUNG MEN.
MANHOOD.—Its Duties and Responsibilities,
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.

PRINTING PAPER DEPOT,
111 .... LAKE STREET 111
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.

STRAW BOARD AT WHOLESALE.
10
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.

THESE ARE THE VOLUMES FOR LITTLE ONES.
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.

300 HLF. Chests TEA, for sale by M. D. GILMAN, 131 Water st.
1000 BAGS COFFEE, for sale by M. D. GILMAN, 131 Water st.
50 BALES Two Bushel BAGS.
$100,000.
GIRARD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.
CAPITAL, $300,000.
10 BALES CLOVES.
1000 BOXES Pure SALERATUS, for sale by M. D. GILMAN, 131 Water st.
500 HLF Bbls No. 1 TROUT, for sale by M. D. GILMAN, 131 Water st.
500 HLF Bbls No. 1 WHITE FISH, for sale by M. D. GILMAN, 131 Water st.
800 BOXES Prime W. R. CHEESE, for sale by M. D. GILMAN, 131 Water st.

A BARGAIN.
A FRAME HOUSE, and 20 feet Lot,

ENGLE'S PATENT CAMPHENE.
WAGON & CARRIAGE MAKERS, ATTEND
600 BOXES and Bbls. Honey Dew TOBACCO.
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

1855.
JAMES PECK & CO.,
PRODUCE,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
SALT WATER LIME, FIRE BRICK,
PIG IRON AND COAL,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

FINEST HAVANA CIGARS
60 Bu. HICKORY NUTS,
FRENCH GELATINE
POMADES
95 PER CT. ALCOHOL

DRY GOODS
AT COST.
FITCH & HEWES,
92 .... LAKE ST. 92

CLOTHING HALL,
WM. CLINGMAN & CO.,
LAKE ST.

B. T. BABBITT'S POTASH IN TIN CANS

VALENTINES
AT
CUPID'S HEAD QUARTERS
123 LAKE STREET.
COMIC and SENTIMENTAL VALENTINES,
"PITKIN BROTHERS."
W. T. & A. M. PITKIN

BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

FOREIGN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE ATLANTIC.

New York, Feb. 9.

The Atlantic reached her dock at 10 1-2 o'clock, with Liverpool dates to the P. M. of the 27th of Jan. She arrived out on the morning of the 22d. She brings 38 passengers—among them Hon. P. Upham and family.

The steamer Great Britain arrived at Liverpool with £250,000 sterling in gold.

The chief interest in the news, centres in the proceedings of the British Parliament, in which the Government has been severely denounced.—Lord John Russell resigned his seat in the Cabinet, and a total break up of the Ministry is talked of.

The Vienna Peace Conference will not meet until the middle of Feb.

Sebastopol dates are to the 14th of January.—Nothing of moment had occurred. The Russians had made two sorties, but were repulsed with considerable loss. The weather had been cold but at last dates was milder.

Considerable reinforcements were reaching the Allies. Liprandi had again advanced his outposts to Sbernago. 40,000 Russians with 80 guns are said to be at Perecop.

Letters say that the French had manned the flag staff battery, and only awaited a favorable opportunity to blow it up.

Sickness in the camps was increasing, and Menschikoff is reported to have said:

"Our troops may rest, Generals January, February and March, will fight our battles far better than we can."

The Russians had repaired, and re-occupied the Quarantine Fort. Gen. Brown was about to resume his command in the Crimea.

St. Petersburgh mercantile letters of the 18th of Jan., are of a pacific character.

The Allies are going to establish a hospital for 2,000 at Smyrna, and an establishment for convalescents at Rhodes.

The Russians report numerous deserters from the allies to their own ranks.

An Odessa letter of the 9th, says the Russians will shortly resume the offensive in the Crimea, having received the necessary reinforcements.—Large bodies of Russian troops have been ordered to concentrate themselves at Perecop, with a view of attacking Eupatoria.

It was reported at Vienna, on the 25th, that a battle had been fought before Sebastopol, in which the Russians were victorious, but the authentic advices from Balaklava next day contradicted it. It was positively asserted that Omar Pacha's forces would begin operations on the 18th of January, by advancing under cover of the artillery of the fleet along the coasts. The last of the Turkish Convoy left Varna on the 14th for Balaklava.

A Constantinople letter says the French 80 gun ship "Henry," which was run over on Nov. 14th, has been turned into a fort, and is of great use to the allies.

New and startling cases of mismanagement in the Commissariat Department were hourly coming to light.

A dispatch from Menchikoff dated Jan. 17th, was published at St. Petersburgh on the 25th, to the following effect:

"The siege operations do not advance. Two successful night sorties were made on the 13th and 15th. We took 14 English and nine French prisoners. The Allies lost a considerable number killed."

A dispatch says the Turks are treated with very little consideration by the Allies.

THE DANUBE.—The *Patria* says the recent passage of the Danube by the Russians has given rise to a demand by Austria for explanations from Gortchikoff, and orders have been sent to Count Coronini to prevent the Russians from recommencing the campaign on the Danube.

The Admirals have declared all the ports on the Black Sea of Azof in a state of strict blockade and have captured or laid an embargo or laid an embargo on several ships laden with provisions for the Russians. The screw steamer Black Sea with a sub marine cable connecting Varna with Balaklava, had put back to Harwich, damaged.

The appointment of Ishmail Pacha to command of the army of Anatoli, had produced the best results upon the troops.

The Turks had opened communication with Schamyl, whose forces number 7,000.

Prince Peratinski, a Polish Lieutenant in the Russian Guard, had deserted to the Turks.

The Turks have a rumor that Schamyl is dead.

The Vienna Conference will probably meet on the 9th of February. Various rumors are afloat in regard to the plan of negotiating. But little weight is attached to the Four Points. Russia interprets them thus:

"No abolition of the Russian Protectorate over Moldavia and Wallachia, these provinces having been placed under the guarantees of the Five Powers. 2d. Free navigation of the Danube. 3d. Relinquishment of the Treaty of 1841, to attach more completely the existence of the Ottoman Empire to the balance of Europe. 4th. A collective guaranty of the Five Powers for the observance of the religious privileges of the different Christian communities, without distinction of form of worship."

Great Britain.

Parliament assembled on the 23d.

Lord John Russell has resigned, and his resignation was accepted by the Queen on the 25th.—He explained why he took this course.

The settlement of the Swiss goes on slowly.

Miller & Thompson, of Liverpool, have suspended payment, for £100,000, chiefly owing to losses in the Australian trade. Rumors were prevalent on 'Change that other failures were imminent. Home, Egan & Co. have failed for £120,000. Turner & Sharpe, iron dealers, of Carwick, Scotland, have failed for a large am't.

Prussia.

Prussia claims a right to participate in the Vienna conference in her capacity of great European power, and has sent a protest to the Cabinets of Vienna, Paris and London against any negotiations made without her participation in the conferences.

Sardinia.

The troops furnished by Sardinia number 20,000 men of all arms.

The wife of the King of Sardinia died at Turin on the 20th.

The Swedish army is to be placed on a war footing.

It is thought Prussia will accede to the demand of Austria to mobilize her army should she be out-voted in the Diet.

France.

The Moniteur has several congratulatory articles on the success of the French Loan. It says 700,000,000 f. have been placed at the disposal of the government.

Prince Napoleon left Constantinople on the 12th inst., on account of his health.

Spain.

Accounts from various sources indicate an approaching earliest insurrection.

Austria.

Activity continues to be exercised in the War department.

From China we have dates to Dec. 12. Political affairs in the South were more critical than ever, and the Canton authorities had applied officially for assistance from the English and American Consuls, with what result is not stated.—Trade was completely suspended. The question as to payment of arrears upon export duties upon tea at Shanghae has been settled as far as Americans are concerned, by an agreement to pay one-third.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—Cotton dull and heavy. Sales of week 34,700 bushels. Breadstuffs opened buoyant but fell off and closed very dull at last weeks quotations. Some circulars quote a trifle higher.

Provisions without material change. Government in market for more beef and pork.

Consols closed firmer at 90 a 90 1-4.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Washington, Feb. 9.

SENATE.—Private bill day. At 2 o'clock the regular business was resumed. Mr. Benjamin's motion to re-consider the vote by which the Senate ceased to be engrossed, the bill for the relief of the claimants of the private armed brig Gen. Armstrong, was first in order. A very desultory debate arose on this motion, but it was agreed to. Yeas 24, Nays 17.

Mr. Clay moved to lay it on the table, which was agreed to. Yeas 22, Nays 19.

The Senate then went into executive session at the termination of which they adj.

HOUSE.—Mr. Bocock, from the naval committee, reported a bill authorizing the construction of seven sloops of war. Referred to committee of the whole.

House went into committee on the extension of Colt's patent.

Mr Edgerton made something of a speech in vindication of members of the House from the charge of corruption circulated in the Washington *Star*.

The screw steamer *City of Baltimore*, for the Liverpool and Philadelphia line, was launched at Glasgow on the 20th ult.

The U. S. corvette Levant arrived at Malta Jan. 11, from Alexandria, having on board an Irishman under sentence of death for murder. The officers being refused by the authorities of Malta in regard to carrying into effect the sentence at that place, the Levant would leave in a few days and the execution would take place on the high seas.

Quebec, Feb. 8.

There was considerable rioting at the Municipal election in the old Peter and Champlain Wards. Maxham, a defeated candidate, has entered protest against the election on account of threats of violence. Several arrests were made. The Military were called out to restore order and quiet, but they did not act.—Hearn, a man who was convicted of participating in the Gavazzi riot, and who was fined $20 for doing so, was elected in the Champlain Ward.

Boston, Feb. 9.

Gen. Wilson left here yesterday p. m. for Washington. He was enthusiastically cheered by large numbers of his friends.

At the depot at Worcester, a delegation of anti Slavery men greeted him, and speeches were made.

Mr. Wilson said he knew the principles which the people of Massachusetts cherished above all others, and he should serve faithfully to uphold them.

New York, Feb. 9.

California drafts of Burgoyne & Co., were refused acceptance to day by their creditors in this city.

Toledo, Feb. 9.

Williams alias Harrison was arrested to day for robbing the M. S. R. R. baggage car of a trunk containing $4,000 worth of Bank drafts belonging to E. M. Clark, of New York.

BRABANT'S COLUMN.
NEW MUSIC.
H. BRABANT, AGENT FOR
Boardman & Gray's
CELEBRATED
PIANO FORTES,
WITH OR WITHOUT
DOLCE CAMPANA ATTACHMENT.
WM. HALL & SON'S
WELL KNOWN
New York Pianos.
A. & F. KEOGH'S
BUFFALO PIANO FORTES.
Western Company's
PIANO FORTES.
BISHOP & CHILD'S
CELEBRATED MELODEONS.
PRINCE & CO'S.
IMPROVED MELODEONS.
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE
H. BRABANT,
70 LAKE ST.
TWO EXCELLENT
PIANO FORTE TUNERS,
FROM THE EAST, ALWAYS ON HAND.
Orders promptly attended to—Satisfaction Guaranteed.
H. BRABANT,
70 Lake st., Chicago.

1500 ... REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
1200 BBLS. Refined SUGAR, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
1000 BUS. Best New York Dried APPLES, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
550 BBLS. Prime SYRUP, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
900 BAGS COFFEE, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
400 BOXES Ground SPICES, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
20 BALES CLOVES, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
150 BBLS. Plantation MOLASSES, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
5 CASKS and 10 Cans NUTMEGS, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
100 BBLS. No. 1 HERRINGS, REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.
BLACK CASSIMERES and DOESKINS, FIELD, BENEDICT & CO.

COMMISSION OFFICE.
HARRISON PARK.

REMOVAL.
ROBERT COLVILLE, BOOKBINDER,
189 LAKE STREET, Corner of Wells.

ESTATE OF HARVEY L. HIBBARD.
DECEASED.
PUBLICATION NOTICE.
STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County.
ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

HIRAM REYNOLDS,
Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Camphene,
TURPENTINE, &c.
RED WOOD WINDOW GLASS.

WINES AND LIQUORS.
CIGARS!!
THE LONG EXPECTED

BALLOU'S PICTORIAL
BURNING FLUID AND ALCOHOL
COTTONADES

W. B. LOUNSBURY AND C. B. HOLDEN,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
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SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.,
Of Springfield, Mass.
CITY FIRE INSURANCE CO.
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WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS INS. CO.,
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JUST RECEIVED DIRECT BY
Daniels & Brother.
SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS,
REGALIAS.
MILLAR.
LONDRES.
LONDRES REGALIAS.
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GALENES.
DANIELS & BROTHER,
Under the Tremont House

DR. WEAVER'S
CANKER AND SALT RHEUM SYRUP AND CERATE.

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WOODENWARE,
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HOUSE FURNISHING
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CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

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SHINGLE MILL.

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CHICAGO, ... ILLINOIS.
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BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON,
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AND PRINCIPAL CITIES OF
CANADA,
ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, IRELAND,
AND
CONTINENTAL EUROPE.
R. K. SWIFT & CO.

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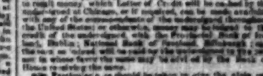

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SPECTACLES.

TO THE PHYSICIANS OF THE WEST
and to all who use Liquors as a Medicine or as a Beverage.
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AND
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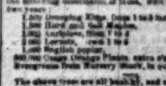

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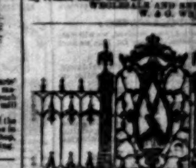
W. & O. WRIGHT



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RAILING OF THE LATEST STYLES.

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75 BOXES TALLOW CANDLES,
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96 ACRES OF LAND
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ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

THE LARGEST PAPER IN THE WEST!

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WILLIAM BLAIR & CO.,
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HARDWARE
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AND
SPORTSMENS' WARE.
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A New Feature in the Jewelry Trade.
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REAL ESTATE BROKER,
Office, Corner of La Salle and Randolph streets,
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J. BONHAM & CO.,
Dealers in
FLOUR, GRAIN, PROVISIONS, AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.
..... MADISON STREET .....

Flour of the Best Quality.

Cleanest and Best Quality of Grain.

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Merchants, Travellers, and Shippers
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SERIES OF RAILWAY MAPS

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RAILWAY MAP OF INDIANA.

RAILWAY MAP OF OHIO.

WHAT IS SAID OF THEM!

READ THE FOLLOWING:

AGENTS WANTED.

TEN DOLLARS A DAY

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950 CASE PEACHES.

WILLIAM HOLMES,
Gilder, Looking Glass & Picture Frame Maker.

BROKEN BANKS.
ALL ILLINOIS SECURED BANK BILLS
C. M. AIKEN,
77 ..... RANDOLPH STREET 77

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NOTICE TO COAL MINERS.

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HAND AND WORK BASKETS.

FINE KNITTING BASKETS.
A Beautiful Specimen of Workmanship.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.
PILLS THAT ARE PILLS!

MEN THAT ARE MEN!!!

STAMPED COLLARS
AND BANDS.
Oil Cloth for Embroidering,
—AT—
CARL F. W. JUNGE'S
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WORSTED COATS,
FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN
READY AND MADE TO ORDER.
CARL W. F. JUNGE'S
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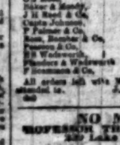
NO MERCURY.



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QUICK CURES AND LOW PRICES.

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Copper Smithing.
NEWBERRY, FILLEY, & WISWELL
..... LAKE STREET. .....

COPPER SMITHING,
For Steam Engines, Locomotive Works, &c.

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STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County. } ss.
Cook County Circuit Court.

L. D. HOARD, Clerk.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, ss.

What Next!

CHATTEL SLAVERY,

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

SOUTHERN LIFE AS IT IS.

IDA MAY.

PERSONAL REQUISITES.
GLENN'S INDIAN OIL.

GLENN'S ROMAN KALYDOR.

GLENN'S AROMATIC ROSE TOOTH PASTE.

GLENN'S TRUE VERBENA WATER.

GLENN'S CITRONELLA, ROSE GERANIUM, MUSK, and other Toilet Waters.
GLENN'S TOILET, NURSERY & PEARL POWDERS; Also, VEGETABLE ROUGE.

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WHOLESALE DEPOT,
..... South 4th st., Philadelphia.

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New Grand Duchy of Baden Lottery Loan.
CAPITAL 14,000,000 FLORINS.

600 BAGS PRIME GREEN COFFEES.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
T. B. CARTER & CO.
HAVE now on hand, and offer for HOLIDAY GIFTS, a full assortment of Fancy Goods,
BEAUTIFUL EMBROIDERIES,
SILKS OF EVERY VARIETY,
AND VERY CHEAP.
BEAUTIFUL PLAID CASHMERES
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Shawls and Scarfs of various kinds.
Cloaks of Newest Style and Cheap.
GLOVES, HOSIERY, RIBBONS, LACES,

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SCHOOL BOOKS
FOR THE MILLION.
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READING AND SPELLING.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

ARITHMETIC.

ALGEBRA.

W. B. SMITH & CO.,

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—AT—
168 - LAKE STREET. - 168
BANK OPEN
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PAYMENTS RESUMED,

ATLANTA BILLS TAKEN AT PAR
STOCK AT AN ENORMOUS DISCOUNT.

DRY GOODS,
Immense Sacrifice.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE,
AND THE GOODS
MUST BE SOLD!

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COUNTRY MERCHANTS

At the Old Stand, 168 Lake street.
L. P. HILLIARD, Assignee for FRANCIS CLARK.

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SIXTY DAYS PASSAGE.
PIONEER LINE OF MONTHLY PACKETS
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.

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READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods.
T. T. WEST & CO.

FOR WORKMANSHIP AND STYLE,

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New Coal Firm.

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METROPOLITAN BOOT & SHOE STORE,
No. 147 RANDOLPH STREET.

BLANK BOOKS.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS,
No. 199 LAKE STREET.

HOT AND COLD BATHS EVERY DAY.

NEW WHOLESALE HOUSE.
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187 ..... LAKE STREET 187
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
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CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c.

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CUSTOM WORK.

OUR WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT.

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MARINE!
PRESQUE ISLE STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
CAPITAL, $75,000.

INVISIBLE VENTILATING HEADS OF HAIR.

IMPORTANT TO THE AFFLICTED.
Diseases of the Throat and Lungs
CURED BY MEDICAL INHALATION.

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THE CHEAPEST AND BEST ROOFS NOW IN USE.
MANUFACTURED BY
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Room No. 6, over the Post Office.

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A NEW
SOUTHERN ROUTE
OPENED TO THE PUBLIC,
Via Ohio and Mississippi & Illinois Central RAILROADS,
FROM ST. LOUIS TO CAIRO.

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ENGLISH SHOT GUNS, & AMERICAN RIFLE MAKER

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AIR LINE ROUTE TO BLOOMINGTON, SPRINGFIELD, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS.
Two Through Passenger Trains
LEAVE CHICAGO DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.
WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS OR BAGGAGE.
Time from Chicago to St. Louis, 16 Hours.
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OPENED EAST TO DECATUR.

GOING EAST.

GOING WEST.

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Main Line & Galena Branch
OF THE
Illinois CeR. R.
NEW & CONTINUOUS RAILROAD ROUTE
FROM CAIRO TO GALENA!
AND
FROM CAIRO TO CHICAGO!
WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.
THROUGH LINE TO ST. LOUIS
ALL THE WAY BY RAILROAD.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD OFFICE, Chicago, Dec. 28th, 1854.

R. B. MASON, Chief Engineer and Gen. Supt.

ILLINOIS & WISCONSIN RAILROAD.
OPEN TO DEER GROVE.
THIRTY MILES NORTHWEST FROM CHICAGO.

GOING WEST.

RETURNING.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. ROAD.
CONNECTING TOGETHER
Chicago, Cairo, Saint Louis, and Galena,
ALL THE WAY BY RAILROAD!
No Change of Cars between Chicago & Cairo.
BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH.

A DAILY FREIGHT TRAIN

Time of Departure of Trains and Fares.

Through Tickets.

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

Louisville New Albany & Pittsburg Express

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1855 JANUARY 8TH. 1855
NEW ROUTE
OPEN TO ST. LOUIS AND CAIRO.

CHICAGO AND AURORA RAILROAD

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Philadelphia, February 1, 1855.

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GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE,
AND
U. S. Mail Express Line, Michigan Central Railroad.

R. A. RICE, Superintendent.

CHICAGO AND AURORA R. R.
CHANGE OF TIME.

W. S. JOHNSON, Superintendent.

GREAT WESTERN MAIL ROUTE
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
Galena and Chicago Union Railroad!
Beloit and Madison, and Dixon and Iowa Central Route.

TRAINS EASTWARD:

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CHICAGO BRANCH.
CHANGE OF TIME.

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Central Military Tract Railroad

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Alton, Springfield, Bloomington and La Salle
VIA
CHICAGO AND AURORA RAILROAD.
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1855 Winter Arrangement. 1855
SHORTEST, PLEASANTEST AND MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE TO
PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON CITY, PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, &c.
VIA CLEVELAND, OVER THE
CLEVELAND & PITTSBURG RAILROAD.

TOLEDO AND CLEVELAND RAILROAD, AT TOLEDO FOR CLEVELAND.

J. DURAND, Sup't C. & P. R. R.

1855. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1855.
U. S. MAIL AND EXPRESS ROUT
CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND
—AND—
PEORIA & BUREAU VALLEY
RAIL ROADS.
THE BUREAU VALLEY RAILROAD
Completed and Opened to Peoria.

FOUR DAILY PASSENGER TRAINS

FOR ROCK ISLAND.

FOR PEORIA.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

1854.
New Route between Buffalo and Detroit.
BUFFALO AND BRANTFORD,
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Main Trunk between Mendota and Decatur.

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T. W. ALEXANDER & CO.,
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AND COMMISSION MERCH'TS.
AGENTS FOR THE
ST. LOUIS LEAD PIPE MANUFACTORY.
170 & 172 SOUTH WATER STREET.
CHICAGO ..... ILLINOIS.

1854.
HOUGHTELING & SHEPARD.
FORWARDING
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
SOUTH WATER ST. ..... CHICAGO
PROPRIETORS FOR THE
CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS LINE.

WESTERN LAKE BOAT LINE.
NEW YORK AND MISSISSIPPI LINE.

1854.
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WAREHOUSE, NORTH WATER ST.,
CHICAGO ..... ILLINOIS.

CLINTON LINE.

ECKFORD AND OHIO TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

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CLEVELAND & PITTSBURG RAILROAD.

1854.
GEO. M. CHAPMAN,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
OFFICE—DOOLITTLE BLOCK, WATER STREET,
OSWEGO, NEW YORK.

1854.
RUMSEY, BRO. & CO.,
STORAGE AND
FORWARDING MERCH'TS.
AGENTS
MERCHANTS' TRANSPORTATION CO.,
NEW YORK & WESTERN LINE.

1854.
WILLIAM I. CARROLL,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

1854. C. WALKER & SONS. 1854
Vessel Owners, Forwarding and Commission Merchants.
PRODUCE, PORK, SALT, LUMBER, &c.
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BOSTON AND CINCINNATI LINE.

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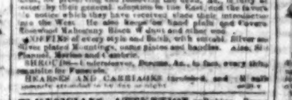
PEORIA AND CHICAGO LINE.

C. WALKER & SONS

JAMES R. FISHER,



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"FISK'S PATENT METALIC BURIAL CASES."

HEARSES AND CARRIAGES

PHYSICIANS, ATTENTION.

GOLDEN SYRUP.

CHICAGO LAUNDRY.

1854 1854
AVERY & UPHAM,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
193 ..... SOUTH WATER STREET 193
CHICAGO, ILL.
Every thing usually kept by Jobbing Grocers.

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RAILROAD FURNISHING,
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Toys and Fancy Goods in Great Variety at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT N. YORK PRICES
J. D. WEBER,
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A. & R. McCLURE,
CITY SEXTONS.

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C. M'DONNELL,
1854.

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1854.
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REED'S WAREHOUSE AND DOCKS
SOUTH WATER STREET, FOOT OF STATE STREET
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LAKE SUPERIOR TRADE.

UNION TRANSPORTATION CO.

N. YORK, TROY, AND MICHIGAN LINE.

REED'S CHICAGO AND LAKE SUPERIOR LINE.

1854.
W. W. MITCHELL ..... R. M. MITCHELL
R. M. MITCHELL & CO.,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
CHICAGO ..... ILLINOIS.

CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD
TRANSPORTATION & PASSENGER LINE

ALSO—THE FAST SAILING VESSELS

1854.
WILLIAM SMITH & CO.,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
WARREN, JO DAVIESS COUNTY ILL.

1854.
W. T. RICHMOND & CO.,
Shipping and Commission Merchants.

LINE OF VESSELS & PROPELLERS,

1854.
H. F. McCOSKY,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
NO. 23 LEVEE.

1854.
FERRY & SONS,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCH'NTS.
MANUFACTURERS OF LUMBER, LATH & PICKETS,
GRAND HAVEN ..... MICHIGAN.

NEW YORK AND MISSISSIPPI LINE.
INSURED.
1854. 1854.
NO TRANSHIPMENT.

1854.
STORAGE & FORWARDING,
TAYLOR & KIRKWOOD,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
STEAM AND CANAL BOAT AGENTS
ON WHARF BOAT.
PEORIA, ILLINOIS.

1854.
JOHN RADCLIFFE,
PRODUCE AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

1854.
NEW YORK AND CHICAGO TRANSPORTATION.

TROY AND WESTERN LINE.
No Transhipment at Troy or Albany.

FULTON LAKE BOAT LINE.
1854.
THROUGH WITHOUT TRANSHIPMENT AT ALBANY OR TROY.
Cargoes Insured between N. Y. and Buffalo.

WESTERN LAKE BOAT LINE.
1854. 1854.
ERIE CANAL TRANSPORTATION.

CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS LINE.

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VOL. IX.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FLANDERS & WADSWORTH,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND
Commission Merchants.

DRUG STORE,

Marble Mantels for 1855.
H. & O. WILSON,

BURLINGTON, IOWA.
STARR & PHELPS,

SMITH & POLLARD,
WHOLESALE GROCER
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

VAN OSDEL & OLMSTED,
Architects and Building Surveyors.

E. C. CLEAVER & CO.
Storage, Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

1854 B. GIROUX & CO. 1854
Produce and Commission Merchants.

ALLEN VANE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
GRAIN AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

R. D. JONES & SONS,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS
No. 86 Lake St., No. 86
CHICAGO ..... ILLINOIS.

CASH SYSTEM
Eight Departments.

CUTLERY—AMERICAN KNIFE CO.

AND PARSONS MITTENS & GLOVES.

D. WALKER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
FURNITURE,
PATENT SOFA-BEDS,
MATTRESSES,
FEATHERS AT WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

AMANDUS LENK,
SOLE AGENT FOR THE SALE OF
HAZELTON & BROTHERS,
AND OTHER CELEBRATED PIANOS.

DRY GOODS,
FALL & WINTER TRADE.

FOREIGN
AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

CROCKERY, CHINA,
GLASS & BRITANNIA WARES,

BUSINESS CARDS.
1854.
GIBBS, GRIFFIN & CO.
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS
WAREHOUSES AND DOCKS.

FITCH & HEWES,
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

E. H. HUNTINGTON & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
34 ..... CLARK STREET 34

E. L. CONLEY & CO.
GAS FITTERS,
170 ..... LAKE STREET ..... 170.

BROWN & CHAPMAN,
PRODUCE & GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS

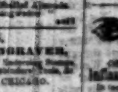
C. WOOLLETT,
GENERAL COMMISSION
REAL ESTATE,
AND NEWSPAPER
ADVERTISING AGENCY,
46 RANDOLPH STREET, CHICAGO.

DR. J. GRIFFIN ELY,

CHICAGO SAW MANUFACTORY.
ANDREWS & BURBAGE,

W. H. C. ELLIS,
LETTER CUTTER AND ENGRAVER.

D. EATON & CO.,



GUNS, RIFLES,
POCKET CUTLERY, DIRKS, &c.

S. F. WHITE & BROTHERS,

FLETCHER & CLARKE,
PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,

1854 FALL TRADE. 1854
C. M. AIKEN,

MYRON C. PARSONS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

DR. J. C. THORP,
CHICAGO, ILL.

BELLOWS & IDESON,
Wholesale Agents and General Dealers in
INDIA RUBBER GOODS,

J. H. L. SLAYTON,

New Planing Mill.
WOOD, HENDERSON & CO.,
Woodworth's Planing Machines,

C. O. THOMPSON & CO.,
BOOTS, SHOES,
RUBBERS,
127 & 129 SOUTH WATER ST.

GREAT BARGAINS IN
REAL ESTATE
F. H. BENSON & CO.'S
REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

PIANO FORTES.
HENRY K. WALKER,

ABBOTT & KINGMAN,
Sash, Blinds & Doors

BANK NOTE ENGRAVING,
123 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

STEWART BROTHERS,
IMPORTERS,